

Southern Oregon University

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A Summary of Student Engagement Results

Student engagement represents two critical features of collegiate quality. The first is the amount of time and effort students put into their studies and other educationally purposeful activities. The second is how institutional resources, courses, and other learning opportunities facilitate student participation in activities that matter to student learning. NSSE surveys undergraduate students in their first and final years to assess their levels of engagement and related information about their experience at your institution.

Comparison Group

The comparison group featured in this report is

Carnegie Class - Adv

See your *Selected Comparison Groups* report for details.

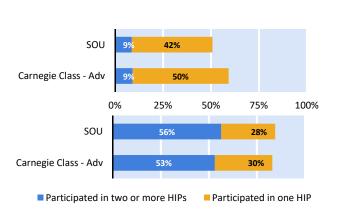
This *Snapshot* is a concise collection of key findings from your institution's NSSE 2018 administration. We hope this information stimulates discussions about the undergraduate experience. Additional details about these and other results appear in the reports referenced throughout.

Engagement Indicators Sets of items are grouped into ten			Your students compared with Carnegie Class - Adv		
Engagement Indicators, organized	Theme	Engagement Indicator	First-year	Senior	
under four broad themes. At right are summary results for your		Higher-Order Learning	∇	∇	
institution. For details, see your	Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Engagement Indicators report.	Challenge	Learning Strategies		∇	
Key:		Quantitative Reasoning		∇	
Your students' average was significantly higher $(p < .05)$ with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.	Learning	Collaborative Learning			
Your students' average was significantly higher $(p < .05)$ with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.	with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others		∇	
No significant difference.	Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
Your students' average was significantly lower ($p < .05$) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.	with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		∇	
Your students' average was significantly lower ($p < .05$) with an effect size at least	Campus	Quality of Interactions	\triangle		
.3 in magnitude.	Environment	Supportive Environment			

High-Impact Practices

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, special undergraduate opportunities are designated "high-impact." For more details and statistical comparisons, see your *High-Impact Practices* report.





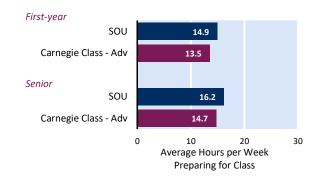
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Academic Challenge: Additional Results

The Academic Challenge theme contains four Engagement Indicators as well as several important individual items. The results presented here provide an overview of these individual items. For more information about the Academic Challenge theme, see your *Engagement Indicators* report. To further explore individual item results, see your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons*, the *Major Field Report*, the *Online Institutional Report*, or the Report Builder.

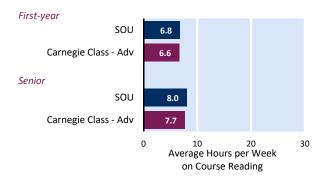
Time Spent Preparing for Class

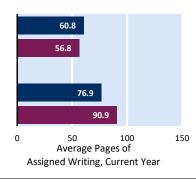
This figure reports the average weekly class preparation time for your students compared to students in your comparison group.



Reading and Writing

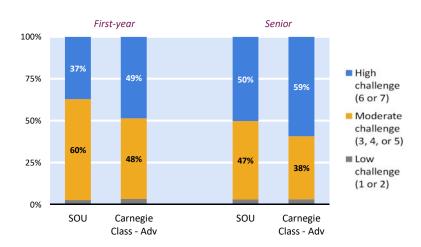
These figures summarize the number of hours your students spent reading for their courses and the average number of pages of assigned writing compared to students in your comparison group. Each is an estimate calculated from two or more separate survey questions.





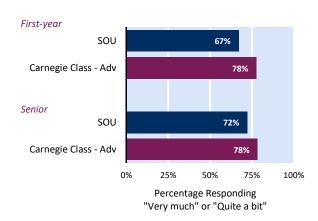
Challenging Students to Do Their Best Work

To what extent did students' courses challenge them to do their best work? Response options ranged from 1 = "Not at all" to 7 = "Very much."



Academic Emphasis

How much did students say their institution emphasizes spending significant time studying and on academic work? Response options included "Very much," "Quite a bit," "Some," and "Very little."





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Item Comparisons

By examining individual NSSE questions, you can better understand what contributes to your institution's performance on the Engagement Indicators. This section displays the five questions^a on which your students scored the highest and the five questions on which they scored the lowest, relative to students in your comparison group. Parenthetical notes indicate whether an item belongs to a specific Engagement Indicator or is a High-Impact Practice. While these questions represent the largest differences (in percentage points), they may not be the most important to your institutional mission or current program or policy goals. For additional results, see your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report.

First-year

Highest Performing Relative to Carnegie Class - Adv

Quality of interactions with faculty (QI)

Quality of interactions with academic advisors^d (QI)

Discussions with... People from an economic background other than your own (DD)

Discussions with... People with religious beliefs other than your own (DD)

Connected your learning to societal problems or issues (RI)

Lowest Performing Relative to Carnegie Class - Adv

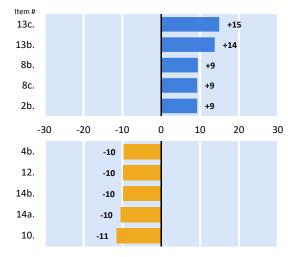
Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations (HO)

About how many courses have included a community-based project (service-learning) \$\frac{x}{2}\$ (HIP)

Institution emphasis on providing support to help students succeed academically (SE)

Institution emphasis on studying and academic work^c

Extent to which courses challenged you to do your best workd



Percentage Point Difference with Carnegie Class - Adv

Senior

Highest Performing Relative to Carnegie Class - Adv

Completed a culminating senior experience (...) (HIP)

Spent more than 15 hours per week preparing for class

Institution emphasis on attending events that address important social/econ./polit. issue§ (SE)

Institution emphasis on attending campus activities and events (... f (SE)

Worked with a faculty member on a research project (HIP)

Lowest Performing Relative to Carnegie Class - Adv

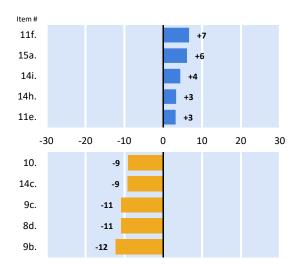
Extent to which courses challenged you to do your best work

Institution emphasis on using learning support services (... (SE)

Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials^b (LS)

Discussions with... People with political views other than your own (DD)

Reviewed your notes after class^b (LS)



Percentage Point Difference with Carnegie Class - Adv

a. The displays on this page draw from the items that make up the ten Engagement Indicators (EIs), six High-Impact Practices (HIPs), and the additional academic challenge items reported on page 2. Key to abbreviations for EI items: HO = Higher-Order Learning, RI = Reflective & Integrative Learning, LS = Learning Strategies, QR = Quantitative Reasoning, CL = Collaborative Learning, DD = Discussions with Diverse Others, SF = Student-Faculty Interaction, ET = Effective Teaching Practices, QI = Quality of Interactions, SE = Supportive Environment. HIP items are also indicated. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in you*Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.

b. Combination of students responding "Very often" or "Often."

c. Combination of students responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit."

d. Rated at least 6 on a 7-point scale.

e. Percentage reporting at least "Some."

f. Estimate based on the reported amount of course preparation time spent on assigned reading.

g. Estimate based on number of assigned writing tasks of various lengths.

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How Students Assess Their Experience

Students' perceptions of their cognitive and affective development, as well as their overall satisfaction with the institution, provide useful evidence of their educational experiences. For more details, see your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report.

Perceived Gains Among Seniors

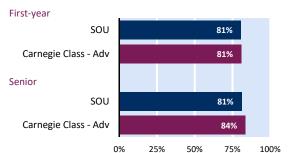
Students reported how much their experience at your institution contributed to their knowledge, skills, and personal development in ten areas.

Percentage of Seniors Responding Perceived Gains (Sorted highest to lowest) "Very much" or "Quite a bit" Thinking critically and analytically Writing clearly and effectively Working effectively with others Understanding people of other backgrounds (econ., racial/ethnic, polit., relig., nation., etc.) Speaking clearly and effectively Acquiring job- or work-related knowledge and skills Developing or clarifying a personal code of values and ethics Being an informed and active citizen Solving complex real-world problems Analyzing numerical and statistical information

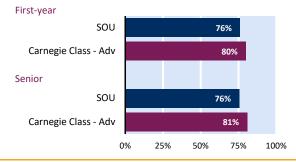
Satisfaction with SOU

Students rated their overall experience at the institution, and whether or not they would choose it again.





Percentage Who Would "Definitely" or "Probably" Attend This Institution Again



Administration Details

Response Summary

	Count	Resp. rate	Female	Full-time
First-year	186	29%	72%	94%
Senior	439	33%	69%	79%

See your Administration Summary and Respondent Profile reports for more information

Additional Questions

Your institution administered the following additional question set(s):

Learning with Technology

First-Year Experiences and Senior Transitions

See your Topical Module report(s) for results.

What is NSSE?

NSSE annually collects information at hundreds of four-year colleges and universities about student participation in activities and programs that promote their learning and personal development. The results provide an estimate of how undergraduates spend their time and what they gain from attending their college or university. Institutions use their data to identify aspects of the undergraduate experience that can be improved through changes in policy and practice.

NSSE has been in operation since 2000 and has been used at more than 1,600 colleges and universities in the US and Canada. More than 90% of participating institutions administer the survey on a periodic basis.

Visit our website: nsse.indiana.edu



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About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
3	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
	2.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
,	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment
	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2017 and 2018 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu



Overview Southern Oregon University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicator

Learning Strategies

Higher-Order Learning

Reflective & Integrative Learning

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Your first-year students

compared with

Carnegie Class - Adv

Your first-year students

compared with

COPLAC Inst

Your first-year students

compared with

SOU Peer Inst

Use the following key:

First-Year Students

Theme

Academic Challenge

Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

 \bigwedge Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

-- No significant difference.

Vour students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

	Learning off ategles			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			\triangle
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	\wedge		\wedge
Environment	Supportive Environment		∇	
Seniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Carnegie Class - Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
	Higher-Order Learning	∇	∇	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇	∇	
	Quantitative Reasoning	\bigvee	\bigvee	\bigvee
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		∇	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇	∇	∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction		∇	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	∇	∇	
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment		∇	



Academic Challenge

Southern Oregon University

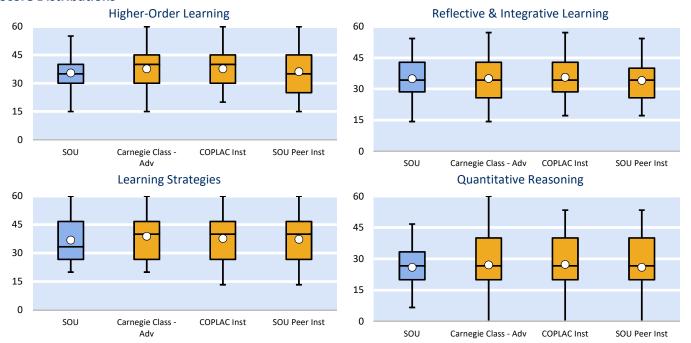
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	SOU	Carnegie (Class - Adv Effect	COPL	AC Inst Effect	SOU F	Peer Inst Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	35.5	37.6 *	16	37.6 *	17	36.2	05
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.9	35.0	01	35.7	06	34.1	.07
Learning Strategies	36.8	38.9	14	37.7	06	37.3	03
Quantitative Reasoning	25.9	27.1	07	27.3	09	25.9	.00

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Southern Oregon University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

7	•			
		Percentage point di Carnegie Class -	ifference ^a between yo	our FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	SOU	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	58	-10	-12	-9
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	61	-6	-8	-2
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	74	+4	+4	+6
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	69	-0	+1	+5
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	52	+2	-1	+4
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	60	+9	+5	+11
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	56	+5	-0	+7
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	61	-3	-3	+0
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	70	+0	+0	+3
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	64	-4	-2	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	76	+1	-1	+0
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	76	+0	-1	+2
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	59	-9	-6	-5
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	60	-5	-2	+0
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	43	-8	-8	-7
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	36	-2	-3	+0
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	35	-1	-4	+1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

Southern Oregon University

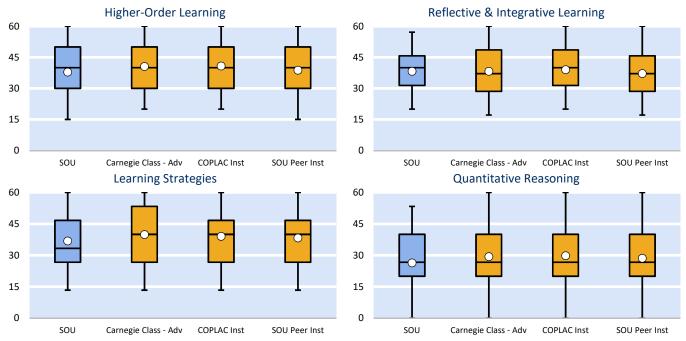
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with					
	SOU	Carnegie Class - Adv Effect	COPLAC Inst Effect	SOU Peer Inst Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size			
Higher-Order Learning	37.9	40.6 ***20	40.8 ***22	38.907			
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.3	38.3 .00	39.006	37.2 .09			
Learning Strategies	36.8	39.8 ***21	39.0 **16	38.210			
Quantitative Reasoning	26.3	29.3 ***19	29.7 ***21	28.5 **14			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Southern Oregon University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

	1	Davaantaga naint	difference a hotusen	uaur saniars and
		Carnegie Class -	difference ^a between	your seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	sou	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	69	-9	-9	-7
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	70	-5	-7	-1
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	-5	-5	+0
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	69	-5	-5	+0
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	70	+3	-2	+3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	64	+2	+0	+6
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	54	-0	-4	+3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	70	+3	+1	+5
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	75	+2	+1	+4
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	71	-0	-1	+4
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84	+1	-0	+2
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	81	+0	-1	+2
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	55	-12	-7	-7
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	57	-11	-9	-6
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	46	-8	-7	-6
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	36	-8	-8	-4
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	36	-6	-10	-5

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers Southern Oregon University

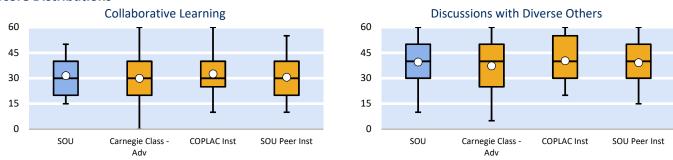
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	irst-year stude	nts compared v	vith	
	SOU	Carnegie	Class - Adv	СОР	LAC Inst	SOU I	Peer Inst
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	31.5	29.9	.10	32.6	08	30.6	.06
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	37.3	.13	40.3	05	39.2	.02

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and		
		Carnegie Class -		
Collaborative Learning	sou	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	50	+3	-4	+2
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	57	+5	+1	+2
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	43	-2	-8	-1
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	53	+3	-3	+4
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	73	+6	+2	+2
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	76	+9	+3	+8
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	70	+9	F -0	+4
8d. People with political views other than your own	58	-2	-8	-10

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers Southern Oregon University

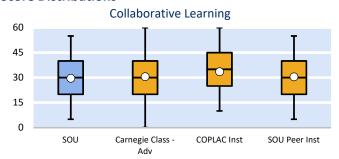
Learning with Peers: Seniors

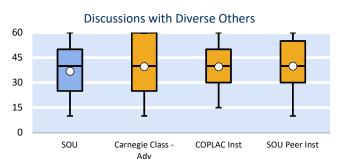
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	SOU	Carnegie Class - Adv		SOU Peer Inst
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	29.6	30.606	33.6 ***27	30.506
Discussions with Diverse Others	36.9	39.6 **16	39.5 **18	39.9 ***19

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and					
		Carnegie Class -					
Collaborative Learning	sou	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst			
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	38	-0	-9	-1			
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	57	+3	-5	+3			
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	38	-5	-12	-3			
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	53	-7	-11	-7			
Discussions with Diverse Others							
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with							
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	63	-8	-5	-8			
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	69	-2	-4	-2			
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	64	-2	-4	-6			
8d. People with political views other than your own	54	-11	-11	-12			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty Southern Oregon University

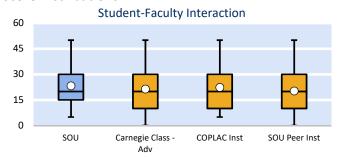
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

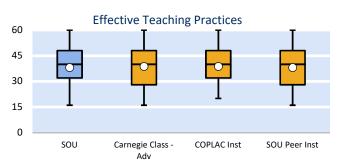
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons Engagement Indicator			Your f	irst-year stude	nts compared v	vith	
	SOU	Carnegie	Class - Adv Effect	СОРІ	LAC Inst Effect	SOU Pe	er Inst Effect
	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.3	21.3	.13	22.3	.07	20.2 **	.21
Effective Teaching Practices	38.0	38.7	04	38.7	05	38.1	.00

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percen	tage point difference ^a	between yo	our FY students and
		Carnegi	e Class -		
Student-Faculty Interaction	SOU	A	dv COPL	AC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	45	+6	+7		+8
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	21	(-1	-0	+1
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	28	+2	+1)	+5
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	38	+4	+5		+10
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	76	+0		-3	-1
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	76	+4	+0	İ	+4
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	79	+8	+6	1	+7
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	73	+7	+8		+7
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	62		-0 +0)	+1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty Southern Oregon University

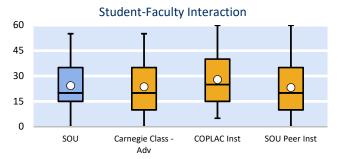
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

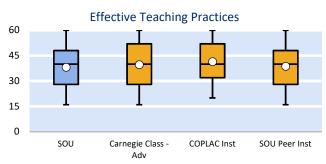
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	SOU	Carnegie Class - Adv Effect	COPLAC Inst Effect	SOU Peer Inst Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	24.3	23.6 .04	27.9 ***23	23.1 .07
Effective Teaching Practices	38.1	39.6 *10	41.4 ***26	38.704

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	nt difference ^a between	your seniors and
		Carnegie Class -		
Student-Faculty Interaction	sou	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	45	+1	-7	+3
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	27	+1	-8	+2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	31	-0	-10	-2
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	35	-2	-6	+3
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				_
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75	-4	-9	-3
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	72	-4	-9	-4
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74	-1	-7	-1
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	60	-2	-9	+2
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	58	-6	-11	-4

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

Southern Oregon University

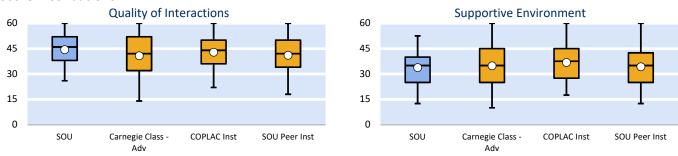
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	sou	Carnegie Class - Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst							
		Effect	Effect	Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	44.4	40.7 *** .26	42.9 .14	41.1 *** .27							
Supportive Environment	33.8	34.808	36.9 **24	34.304							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and					
		Carnegie Class -					
Quality of Interactions	SOU	Adv	COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst			
$Percentage\ rating\ their\ interactions\ a\ 6\ or\ 7\ (on\ a\ scale\ from\ 1="Poor"\ to\ 7="Excellent")\ with$	%						
13a. Students	47	-1	-3	+1			
13b. Academic advisors	63	+14	+11	+14			
13c. Faculty	62	+15	+11	+16			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	49	+6	+3	+6			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	49	+6	+3	+6			
Supportive Environment							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	63	-10	-14	-10			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	-2	-6	-3			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	54	-6	-9	-5			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	69	+3	-4	+3			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	70	+6	-1	+5			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	35	-9	-7	-1			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	61	+4	-7	+1			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	49	+2	-6	+4			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

Campus Environment Southern Oregon University

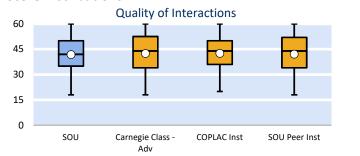
Campus Environment: Seniors

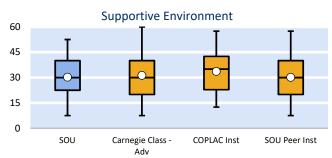
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors com	pared with		
	SOU	Carnegie	Class - Adv	COPLA	AC Inst	sou i	Peer Inst
			Effect	Effect			Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	41.8	42.5	05	42.6	07	42.1	02
Supportive Environment	30.3	31.3	07	33.6 ***	25	30.2	.01

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and					
Quality of Interactions	sou	Carnegie Clas	s - COPLAC Inst	SOU Peer Inst			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	49	-7	-5	-4			
13b. Academic advisors	57	+2	+5	+6			
13c. Faculty	58	+1	-1	+1			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	39	-5	-3	-3			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	40	-6	-4	-6			
Supportive Environment		'	1	'			
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	68	-2	-5	+2			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	57	-9	-12	-2			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	54	-1	-1	+2			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	61	+2	-7	+3			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	56	-1	-8	+1			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	24	-9	-7	-3			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	48	+3	-10	+2			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	44	+4	-8	+5			
141. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues		+4	-8				

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Southern Oregon University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year studer	nts compared witl	h	
		sou	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	<u>/</u>
	Higher-Order Learning	35.5	38.9 ***	27	40.5 ***	38	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.9	36.5	13	38.1 ***	26	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.8	39.5 *	20	41.6 ***	34	
	Quantitative Reasoning	25.9	28.7 *	18	30.4 ***	29	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.5	35.1 ***	27	37.2 ***	42	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	41.4	13	43.4 ***	27	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.3	24.3	07 ✓	27.2 ***	25	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.0	40.3 *	17	42.0 ***	29	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	44.4	43.9	.04 ✓	45.9	13	
Environment	Supportive Environment	33.8	37.9 ***	32	39.7 ***	45	
Seniors			Your seniors compared with				
		sou	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE Top 10%		
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	<u>/</u>
	Higher-Order Learning	37.9	41.3 ***	26	42.5 ***	34	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.3	39.6 *	10	41.1 ***	23	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.8	40.2 ***	24	42.3 ***	39	
	Quantitative Reasoning	26.3	30.7 ***	27	32.7 ***	40	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	29.6	35.7 ***	44	38.1 ***	63	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	36.9	41.9 ***	32	43.8 ***	45	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	24.3	29.2 ***	31	33.3 ***	56	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.1	41.1 ***	22	43.1 ***	36	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.8	44.4 ***	22	46.5 ***	38	
Environment	Supportive Environment	30.3	34.3 ***	29	36.4 ***	44	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2017 and 2018 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Southern Oregon University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

Detailed Statistics. Tilst		n statist		Percentile ^d scores			Co	Comparison results				
_									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
SOU $(N = 167)$	35.5	12.6	.98	15	30	35	40	55				
Carnegie Class - Adv	37.6	13.9	.06	15	30	40	45	60	167	-2.2	.028	157
COPLAC Inst	37.6	12.6	.25	20	30	40	45	60	2,771	-2.2	.031	173
SOU Peer Inst	36.2	13.2	.26	15	25	35	45	60	2,786	7	.500	054
Top 50%	38.9	13.1	.03	20	30	40	50	60	160,927	-3.5	.001	266
Top 10%	40.5	13.3	.07	20	30	40	50	60	38,367	-5.0	.000	378
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
SOU $(N = 175)$	34.9	11.5	.87	14	29	34	43	54				
Carnegie Class - Adv	35.0	12.4	.05	14	26	34	43	57	55,791	1	.943	005
COPLAC Inst	35.7	11.9	.23	17	29	34	43	57	2,906	7	.432	061
SOU Peer Inst	34.1	11.8	.22	17	26	34	40	54	2,949	.9	.344	.074
Top 50%	36.5	11.8	.03	17	29	37	43	57	150,880	-1.5	.091	128
Top 10%	38.1	12.0	.07	20	29	37	46	60	32,491	-3.1	.001	260
Learning Strategies												
SOU $(N = 152)$	36.8	12.9	1.05	20	27	33	47	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	38.9	14.1	.06	20	27	40	47	60	47,488	-2.0	.075	145
COPLAC Inst	37.7	13.5	.27	13	27	40	47	60	2,573	9	.438	065
SOU Peer Inst	37.3	14.2	.29	13	27	40	47	60	2,516	5	.696	033
Top 50%	39.5	13.7	.04	20	27	40	53	60	130,400	-2.7	.016	195
Top 10%	41.6	14.1	.08	20	33	40	53	60	31,575	-4.8	.000	340
Quantitative Reasoning												
SOU $(N = 159)$	25.9	13.3	1.06	7	20	27	33	47				
Carnegie Class - Adv	27.1	15.7	.07	0	20	27	40	60	159	-1.1	.295	071
COPLAC Inst	27.3	15.1	.30	0	20	27	40	53	184	-1.3	.223	089
SOU Peer Inst	25.9	15.1	.30	0	20	27	40	53	183	.0	.995	.000
Top 50%	28.7	15.2	.04	0	20	27	40	60	158	-2.7	.011	179
Top 10%	30.4	15.3	.07	7	20	27	40	60	159	-4.4	.000	291
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
SOU (N = 181)	31.5	12.3	.91	15	20	30	40	50				
Carnegie Class - Adv	29.9	15.4	.06	0	20	30	40	60	182	1.6	.083	.103
COPLAC Inst	32.6	13.3	.25	10	25	30	40	60	3,028	-1.1	.279	083
SOU Peer Inst	30.6	14.1	.26	10	20	30	40	55	211	.9	.352	.063
Top 50%	35.1	13.6	.03	15	25	35	45	60	177,601	-3.6	.000	267
Top 10%	37.2	13.6	.07	15	25	40	45	60	39,802	-5.7	.000	423
Discussions with Diverse Others												
SOU (N = 155)	39.5	15.2	1.22	10	30	40	50	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	37.3	16.8	.08	5	25	40	50	60	155	2.2	.073	.132
COPLAC Inst	40.3	14.4	.29	20	30	40	55	60	2,602	8	.522	053
SOU Peer Inst	39.2	15.3	.31	15	30	40	50	60	2,537	.3	.798	.021
Top 50%	41.4	15.0	.04	15	30	40	55	60	162,589	-1.9	.114	127
Top 10%	43.4	14.8	.08	20	35	45	60	60	36,222	-3.9	.001	266
	13.7	17.0	.00	20	55	7.7	00	00	30,222	3.7	.001	.200

Detailed Statistics^a Southern Oregon University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Со	mparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SOU $(N = 169)$	23.3	13.5	1.03	5	15	20	30	50				
Carnegie Class - Adv	21.3	15.3	.07	0	10	20	30	50	170	1.9	.063	.127
COPLAC Inst	22.3	14.1	.27	5	10	20	30	50	2,822	.9	.407	.066
SOU Peer Inst	20.2	14.5	.28	0	10	20	30	50	2,860	3.0	.009	.209
Top 50%	24.3	14.8	.05	5	15	20	35	55	100,695	-1.0	.375	068
Top 10%	27.2	15.8	.12	5	15	25	40	60	173	-4.0	.000	253
Effective Teaching Practices												
SOU $(N = 165)$	38.0	13.1	1.02	16	32	40	48	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	38.7	14.3	.06	16	28	40	48	60	166	6	.543	044
COPLAC Inst	38.7	12.5	.25	20	32	40	48	60	2,771	6	.539	049
SOU Peer Inst	38.1	13.0	.25	16	28	40	48	60	2,811	.0	.974	003
Top 50%	40.3	13.1	.04	20	32	40	52	60	119,030	-2.3	.028	171
Top 10%	42.0	13.7	.08	20	32	40	52	60	30,987	-3.9	.000	288
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SOU $(N = 151)$	44.4	10.3	.84	26	38	46	52	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	40.7	13.8	.07	14	32	42	52	60	152	3.6	.000	.261
COPLAC Inst	42.9	10.9	.22	22	36	44	50	60	2,495	1.5	.103	.137
SOU Peer Inst	41.1	12.3	.26	18	34	42	50	60	181	3.3	.000	.267
Top 50%	43.9	11.6	.04	22	38	46	52	60	96,553	.5	.615	.041
Top 10%	45.9	12.1	.08	22	40	48	56	60	153	-1.5	.073	125
Supportive Environment												
SOU $(N = 150)$	33.8	12.2	1.00	13	25	35	40	53				
Carnegie Class - Adv	34.8	14.5	.07	10	25	35	45	60	151	-1.1	.275	075
COPLAC Inst	36.9	13.1	.27	18	28	38	45	60	2,485	-3.1	.005	239
SOU Peer Inst	34.3	13.5	.29	13	25	35	43	60	2,350	5	.642	039
Top 50%	37.9	13.2	.04	15	30	40	48	60	126,849	-4.2	.000	317
Top 10%	39.7	13.1	.08	18	30	40	50	60	30,571	-5.9	.000	451

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Southern Oregon University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percentile ^d scores			Comparison results				
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	ivieuri	30	JLIVI	5111	25111	SULII	75111	95111	jreedom	uijj.	Jig.	3126
Higher-Order Learning												
SOU (N = 407)	37.9	13.7	.68	15	30	40	50	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	40.6	13.9	.05	20	30	40	50	60	72,844	-2.7	.000	196
COPLAC Inst	40.8	13.2	.23	20	30	40	50	60	3,808	-3.0	.000	223
SOU Peer Inst	38.9	13.8	.22	15	30	40	50	60	4,402	-1.0	.171	071
Top 50%	41.3	13.5	.03	20	35	40	55	60	180,853	-3.5	.000	255
Top 10%	42.5	13.7	.06	20	35	40	55	60	54,608	-4.6	.000	335
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
SOU $(N = 423)$	38.3	11.8	.58	20	31	40	46	57				
Carnegie Class - Adv	38.3	12.7	.05	17	29	37	49	60	428	.0	.978	.001
COPLAC Inst	39.0	12.4	.21	20	31	40	49	60	3,969	7	.248	059
SOU Peer Inst	37.2	12.6	.20	17	29	37	46	60	526	1.1	.069	.088
Top 50%	39.6	12.2	.03	20	31	40	49	60	176,472	-1.3	.032	104
Top 10%	41.1	12.2	.06	20	33	40	51	60	432	-2.8	.000	233
Learning Strategies												
SOU $(N = 384)$	36.8	13.8	.70	13	27	33	47	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	39.8	14.5	.06	13	27	40	53	60	67,368	-3.1	.000	212
COPLAC Inst	39.0	14.0	.25	13	27	40	47	60	3,620	-2.2	.004	158
SOU Peer Inst	38.2	14.8	.25	13	27	40	47	60	4,009	-1.4	.068	098
Top 50%	40.2	14.4	.03	20	33	40	53	60	191,271	-3.4	.000	237
Top 10%	42.3	14.2	.06	20	33	40	53	60	51,876	-5.6	.000	392
Quantitative Reasoning												
SOU $(N = 393)$	26.3	15.2	.77	0	20	27	40	53				
Carnegie Class - Adv	29.3	16.2	.06	0	20	27	40	60	397	-3.0	.000	187
COPLAC Inst	29.7	16.3	.28	0	20	27	40	60	503	-3.4	.000	212
SOU Peer Inst	28.5	15.8	.25	0	20	27	40	60	4,326	-2.2	.008	140
Top 50%	30.7	16.0	.03	0	20	33	40	60	393	-4.4	.000	273
Top 10%	32.7	15.7	.07	7	20	33	40	60	54,242	-6.4	.000	404
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning	20.6			_	20	20	40					
SOU (N = 430)	29.6	14.7	.71	5	20	30	40	55	40.5	0	101	0.50
Carnegie Class - Adv	30.6	15.7	.06	0	20	30	40	60	435	9	.191	059
COPLAC Inst	33.6	14.4	.24	10	25	35	45	60	4,069	-3.9	.000	274
SOU Peer Inst	30.5	15.1	.23	5	20	30	40	55	4,696	9	.226	061
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.03	15	25	35	45	60	231,882	-6.1	.000	437
Top 10%	38.1	13.5	.07	15	30	40	50	60	437	-8.5	.000	627
Discussions with Diverse Other		15.7	70	10	25	40	50	(0)				
SOU (N = 391)	36.9	15.7	.79	10	25 25	40	50	60	(7.722	2.7	003	1.00
Carnegie Class - Adv	39.6	17.0	.07	10	25	40	60 50	60	67,732	-2.7	.002	160
COPLAC Inst	39.5	14.8	.26	15	30	40	50	60	477	-2.7	.001	179
SOU Peer Inst	39.9	16.3	.27	10	30	40	55	60	4,050	-3.1	.000	188
Top 50%	41.9	15.6	.03	15	30	40	60	60	250,669	-5.1	.000	324
Top 10%	43.8	15.5	.06	20	35	45	60	60	60,620	-6.9	.000	447

Detailed Statistics^a Southern Oregon University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results			
				-					Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SOU $(N = 415)$	24.3	15.3	.75	0	15	20	35	55				
Carnegie Class - Adv	23.6	16.2	.06	0	10	20	35	55	419	.7	.372	.042
COPLAC Inst	27.9	15.8	.27	5	15	25	40	60	3,878	-3.6	.000	226
SOU Peer Inst	23.1	16.5	.26	0	10	20	35	60	517	1.2	.137	.072
Top 50%	29.2	15.8	.05	5	20	30	40	60	100,105	-4.9	.000	310
Top 10%	33.3	16.1	.14	10	20	35	45	60	444	-9.0	.000	557
Effective Teaching Practices												
SOU $(N = 404)$	38.1	13.9	.69	16	28	40	48	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	39.6	14.5	.05	16	28	40	52	60	73,197	-1.5	.040	102
COPLAC Inst	41.4	12.8	.22	20	32	40	52	60	486	-3.3	.000	256
SOU Peer Inst	38.7	14.0	.22	16	28	40	48	60	4,410	5	.453	039
Top 50%	41.1	13.6	.03	16	32	40	52	60	156,761	-3.0	.000	223
Top 10%	43.1	13.7	.08	20	36	44	56	60	32,407	-5.0	.000	364
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SOU $(N = 361)$	41.8	11.8	.62	18	35	42	50	60				
Carnegie Class - Adv	42.5	13.1	.05	18	34	44	53	60	365	7	.255	054
COPLAC Inst	42.6	11.7	.21	20	36	44	50	60	3,479	8	.220	068
SOU Peer Inst	42.1	12.5	.21	18	34	44	52	60	3,735	3	.677	023
Top 50%	44.4	11.9	.03	22	38	46	54	60	129,599	-2.6	.000	217
Top 10%	46.5	12.3	.07	22	40	50	58	60	34,725	-4.7	.000	383
Supportive Environment												
SOU $(N = 382)$	30.3	13.0	.66	8	23	30	40	53				
Carnegie Class - Adv	31.3	14.8	.06	8	20	30	40	60	387	-1.0	.124	069
COPLAC Inst	33.6	13.3	.24	13	23	35	43	58	3,555	-3.3	.000	252
SOU Peer Inst	30.2	14.6	.25	8	20	30	40	58	494	.1	.839	.010
Top 50%	34.3	13.7	.03	13	25	35	43	60	157,068	-4.0	.000	290
Top 10%	36.4	13.7	.08	13	28	38	45	60	32,381	-6.1	.000	442

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Southern Oregon University



About This Report

About Your High-Impact Practices Report

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, certain undergraduate opportunities are designated "high-impact." High-Impact Practices (HIPs) share several traits: They demand considerable time and effort, facilitate learning outside of the classroom, require meaningful interactions with faculty and students, encourage collaboration with diverse others, and provide frequent and substantive feedback. As a result, participation in these practices can be life-changing (Kuh, 2008). NSSE founding director George Kuh recommends that institutions should aspire for all students to participate in at least two HIPs over the course of their undergraduate experience—one during the first year and one in the context of their major (NSSE, 2007).

NSSE asks students about their participation in the six HIPs shown in the box at right. Unlike most questions on the NSSE survey, the HIP questions are not limited to the current school year. Thus, senior students' responses include participation from prior years.

High-Impact Practices in NSSE

Service-Learning

Courses that included a community-based project

Learning Community

Formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together

Research with Faculty

Work with a faculty member on a research project

Internship or Field Experience

Internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement

Study Abroad

Culminating Senior Experience

Capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.

Report Sections

Participation Comparisons (p. 3)

Displays HIP participation for your students compared with that of students at your comparison group institutions. Two views present insights into your students' HIP participation:

Overall HIP Participation

Displays the percentage of students who participated in one HIP and in two or more HIPs, relative to those at your comparison group institutions.

Statistical Comparisons

Comparisons of participation in each HIP and overall for your students relative to those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes.

Response Detail (pp. 4-5)

Provides complete response frequencies for the relevant HIP questions for your students and those at your comparison group institutions. First-year results include a summary of their expectations for future HIP participation.

Participation by Student Characteristics (p. 6)

Displays your students' participation in each HIP by selected student characteristics.

Interpreting Comparisons

HIP participation varies more among students within an institution than it does between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on overall participation rates amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It is equally important to understand how student engagement (including HIP participation) varies within your institution. The table on page 6 provides an initial look at how HIP participation varies by selected student characteristics. The Report Builder and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer further perspectives on internal variation and can help you investigate your students' HIP participation in depth.

Kuh, G. D. (2008). High-impact educational practices: What they are, who has access to them, and why they matter. Washington, DC: Association of American Colleges and Universities. National Survey of Student Engagement (2007). Experiences that matter: Enhancing student learning and success—Annual Report 2007. Bloomington, IN: Indiana University Center for Postsecondary Research.

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015, May). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.

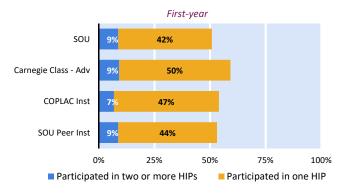
NSSE national survey of student engagement

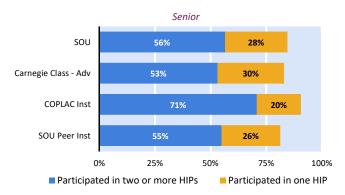
NSSE 2018 High-Impact Practices

Participation Comparisons Southern Oregon University

Overall HIP Participation

The figures below display the percentage of students who participated in High-Impact Practices. Both figures include participation in service-learning, a learning community, and research with faculty. The senior figure also includes participation in an internship or field experience, study abroad, and culminating senior experience. The first segment in each bar shows the percentage who participated in at least two HIPs, and the full bar (both colors) represents the percentage who participated in at least one.





Statistical Comparisons

The table below displays the percentage of your students who participated in a given High-Impact Practice, including the percentage who participated in at least one or in two or more HIPs. It also graphs the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison groups. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is compared to the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is compared to the comparison group percentages appear on the following pages.)

		Your students' participation compared with:							
	sou	Carnegie Class -	Adv	COPLAC Ins	t	SOU Peer Inst			
First-year	%	Difference ^a	ES b	Difference ^a	ES b	Difference ^a	ES b		
Service-Learning	46	-10	*20	-5	10	-1	03		
Learning Community	7	-3	10	-0	02	-5	16		
Research with Faculty	7	+3	.11	+4	* .17	+3	.13		
Participated in at least one	51	-8	*17	-3	06	-2	05		
Participated in two or more	9	-0	02	+2	.07	-0	.00		
Senior		_							
Service-Learning	64	-1	03	-0	.00	+6	* .13		
Learning Community	22	+1	.03	-1	01	+3	.06		
Research with Faculty	20	+3	.08	-11	***25	+1	.03		
Internship or Field Exp.	42	+1	.02	-13	***26	-4	08		
Study Abroad	7	+0	.00	-8	***27	-1	06		
Culminating Senior Exp.	47	+7	** .13	-12	***25	+6	* .11		
Participated in at least one	85	+1	.04	-6	***19	+3	.09		
Participated in two or more	56	+3	.07	-14	***30	+2	.03		

 $a.\ Percentage\ point\ differences\ (institution-comp.\ group)\ rounded\ to\ whole\ numbers.\ Values\ less\ than\ one\ may\ not\ display\ a\ bar\ and\ may\ be\ shown\ as\ +0\ or\ -0.$

Note: Participation includes the percentage of students who responded "Done or in progress" except for service-learning which is the percentage who responded that at least "Some" courses included a community-based project. All results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

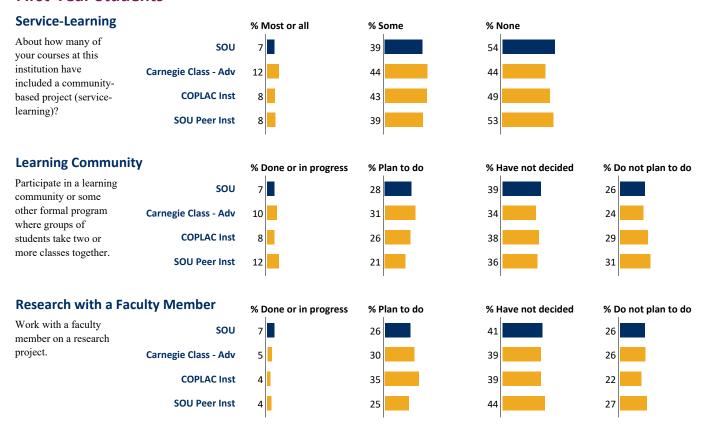
b. Cohen's *h* (standardized difference between two proportions). Effect sizes indicate the practical importance of observed differences. For service-learning, internships, study abroad, and culminating senior experiences, an ES of about .2 may be considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. For learning community and research with faculty, an ES of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015).

^{*}p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (z-test comparing participation rates).

Response Detail

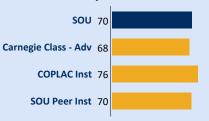
Southern Oregon University

First-Year Students



Plans to Participate^a

Knowing whether first-year students *plan* to participate in upper-division HIPs can reveal insights about HIP demand, awareness of opportunities, and the clarity of institutional information. These results might also point to topics for additional exploration, such as what contributes to students' expectations, their assumptions about who can participate, or why other students are undecided or have no plans to participate in the activity.



Internship or Field

Experience

Participate in an internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement.



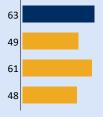
Study Abroad

Participate in a study abroad

Percentage responding "Plan to do"

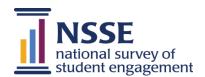
Culminating Senior Experience

Complete a culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.).



a. Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons for details on the other response options.

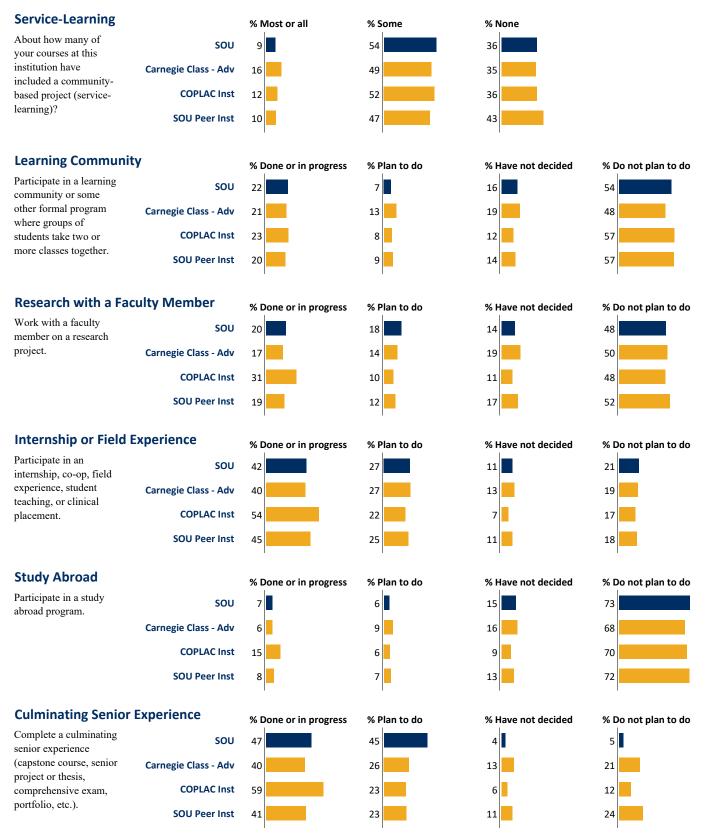
Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).



Response Detail

Southern Oregon University

Seniors



Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).



Participation by Student Characteristics Southern Oregon University

Participation in High-Impact Practices by Student Characteristics

The table below displays the percentage of your students who participated in each HIP by selected student characteristics. Examining participation rates for different groups offers insight into how engagement varies within your student population.

		First-yea	r	<u> </u>		S	enior		
	Service- Learning	Learning Community	Research with Faculty	Service- Learning	Learning Community	Research with Faculty	Internship or Field Experience	Study Abroad	Culminating Senior Experience
Sex ^a	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Female	41	8	9	67	22	22	47	7	52
Male	56	5	5	59	23	17	33	5	37
Race/ethnicity or international ^a									
American Indian or Alaska Native	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Asian	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Black or African American		-						-	
Hispanic or Latino	48	4	4	76	26	21	47	5	50
Native Hawaiian/Other Pac. Islander	45	_	_	-	-	-	45	_	-
White Other	45	8	9	62	22	22	45	8	53
Foreign or nonresident alien	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Two or more races/ethnicities	38	6	6	70	17	22	40	4	46
Age Traditional (FY < 21, Seniors < 25)	47	7	7	71	24	21	50	9	55
Nontraditional (FY 21+, Seniors 25+)	25	8	17	55	19	18	32	3	37
First-generation ^b									
Not first-generation	45	8	10	61	24	22	42	11	50
First-generation	44	6	5	68	21	18	44	4	47
Enrollment status ^a									
Not full-time	_	_	_	57	22	19	34	5	47
Full-time	44	8	8	67	22	21	46	7	48
Residence				-					
Not on campus	30	9	9	65	21	21	43	6	48
On campus	48	7	8	60	27	13	49	11	45
Major category ^c									
Arts & humanities	56	8	5	51	21	17	26	10	49
Biological sciences, agriculture, natural res.	32	0	0	59	16	30	43	5	57
Physical sciences, math, computer science	_	_	_	42	38	46	46	8	57
Social sciences	45	15	5	74	11	26	51	5	62
Business	35	10	5	48	22	15	33	5	29
Communications, media, public relations	_	_	_	81	31	6	50	13	56
Education	_	_	_	93	33	16	69	7	38
Engineering		_	_	_				_	
Health professions	38	8	15		20	10	60	10	40
Social service professions	_	_	_	69	23	27	54	4	54
Undecided/undeclared									
Overall	46	7	7	64	22	20	42	7	47

Notes: Percentage of students who responded "Done or in progress" except for service-learning which is the percentage who responded that at least "Some" courses included a community-based project. Percentages are not reported (—) for row categories containing fewer than 10 students. Results are unweighted, except for overall percentages which are weighted by sex and enrollment status.

a. Institution-reported variable.

b. Neither parent (or guardian) holds a bachelor's degree.

c. These are NSSE's default related-major categories, based on first major if more than one was reported. Institution-customized major categories will be included on the Major Field Report, to be released in the fall. Excludes majors categorized as "all other."



NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

Southern Oregon University

IPEDS: 210146

NSSE national survey of student engagement

NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

About This Report

About Your Multi-Year Report

For institutions participating in multiple NSSE administrations since 2013, the year of the last survey update, this report presents year-to-year results for Engagement Indicators (EIs), High-Impact Practices (HIPs), and key academic challenge items to illustrate patterns of change or stability. It also provides details such as number of respondents, standard deviation, and standard error so that statistical tests can be calculated.

For more information and recommendations for analyzing NSSE data over time, view our webinar entitled the *Recommendations for Using Multiple Years of NSSE Data:* nsse.indiana.edu/html/webinars.cfm

This report contains three main parts: (a) a page that provides a quick reference to important information about each year's administration, (b) multi-year figures, and (c) detailed statistics. Key terms and features are illustrated below.

Report sections

Administration Summaries (p. 3)	A summary of respondent counts, response rates, sampling errors, and administration details for each participation year.
Engagement Results by Theme (pp. 4-7)	Results for ten EIs and selected individual survey items are displayed, organized under four broad themes. The Academic Challenge theme is represented by four EIs as well as several individual items. The three remaining engagement themes (Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment) are each represented by two EIs.
High-Impact Practices (pp. 8-9)	Results for six HIPs are displayed. First-year student results indicate students who participated in service-learning, a learning community, and research with faculty, and who planned to do an internship or field experience, study abroad, and a culminating senior experience. Senior results indicate students who participated in all six.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 10-13)	Displays detailed information for results including counts, standard errors, and confidence intervals (CIs) for each measure.

Interpreting year-to-year results

When examining year-to-year results, you may wonder whether observed differences signify meaningful change and whether a trend is indicated. Figures display CIs around each score showing the range of values that is estimated to contain the population score 95% of the time. Upper and lower CI bounds are also reported in the Detailed Statistics section.

For further investigation

The Report Builder, updated with current data in the fall, allows for multi-year analysis of Engagement Indicators and individual items (including HIPs). It also affords the analysis of results by subpopulation.



NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

Administration Summaries Southern Oregon University

The precision of an institution's population estimates can vary between administrations. An important early step in conducting a multi-year analysis is to review data quality. The values in the tables below were drawn from your *Administration Summary* reports.

Response Details by Participation Year

	First-year students					Seniors					
Year	Response rate ^a	Sampling error ^b	Total respondents ^c	Full completions	Partial completions	Response rate ^a	Sampling error ^b	Total respondents ^c	Full completions	Partial completions	
2013											
2014	25%	+/- 8.4%	103	77	26	39%	+/- 3.3%	527	438	89	
2015											
2016	21%	+/- 8.4%	108	87	21	31%	+/- 4.0%	415	363	52	
2017											
2018	29%	+/- 6.1%	186	147	39	33%	+/- 3.8%	439	365	74	
2019											
2020											

Admin	Administration Details by Participation Year										
	Recruitment		Incentives		Report Sample						
Year	method	Sample type	offered	Additional question sets	identified ^d	BCSSE	FSSE				
2013											
2014	Email	Census	Yes	Academic Advising, Council of Public Liberal Arts Colleges	No	No	No				
2015											
2016	Email	Census	Yes	Academic Advising	No	No	No				
2017											
2018	Email	Census	Yes	Learning with Tech, FY Experiences / Sr Transitions	No	No	No				
2019											
2020											

Note: All of your institution's participation years since 2013 (the first year of the updated NSSE) are reported. Years in which your institution did not participate are blank.

- a. Response rates (number of respondents divided by sample size) are adjusted for ineligibility, nondeliverable addresses, and students who were unavailable during the survey administration.
- b. Sampling error gauges the precision of results based on a sample survey. It is an estimate (at the 95% confidence level) of how much survey item percentages for your respondents could differ from those of the entire population of students at your institution. While data with larger sampling errors (such as +/-10%) need not be dismissed out of hand, such results should be interpreted more conservatively.
- c. Count used to calculate response rates and sampling errors for each Administration Summary report. Includes all census-administered and randomly sampled students, regardless of "Report Sample" designation.
- d. Starting in 2017, institutions had the option to flag a subset of students for exclusion from reports. Refer to your Administration Summary report(s).



NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

Engagement Results by Theme Southern Oregon University

Engagement Indicators (EIs) represent the average student responses to a set of related survey questions. The Academic Challenge theme contains four EIs as well as several important individual items. See pages 10-12 for detailed statistics. For more information, including the items that make up each EI, refer to your *Engagement Indicators* report.



- a. Values for Course Reading and Assigned Writing are estimates calculated from two or more survey questions.
- b. Extent to which courses challenged students to do their best work (1 = "Not at all" to 7 = "Very much").
- c. How much students said the institution emphasizes spending significant time studying and on academic work (1 = "Very little," 2 = "Some," 3 = "Quite a bit," and 4 = "Very much").

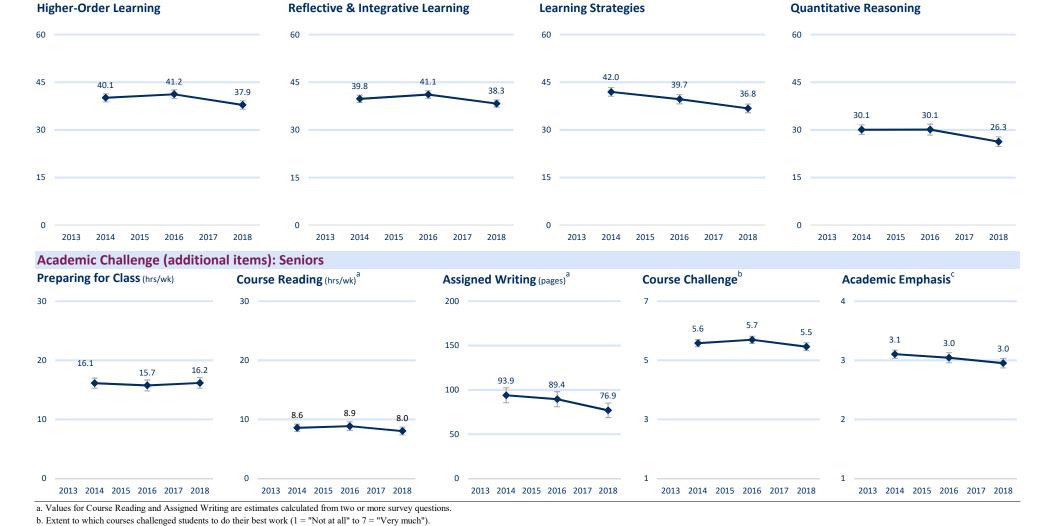


Academic Challenge: Seniors

NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

Engagement Results by Theme Southern Oregon University

Engagement Indicators (EIs) represent the average student responses to a set of related survey questions. The Academic Challenge theme contains four EIs as well as several important individual items. See pages 10-12 for detailed statistics. For more information, including the items that make up each EI, refer to your *Engagement Indicators* report.



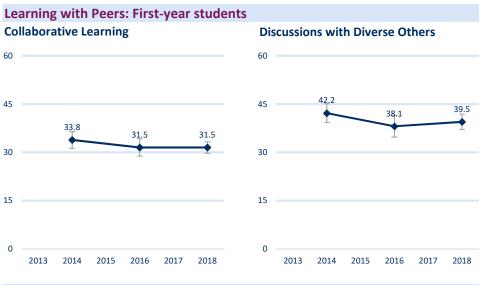
c. How much students said the institution emphasizes spending significant time studying and on academic work (1 = "Very little," 2 = "Some," 3 = "Quite a bit," and 4 = "Very much").

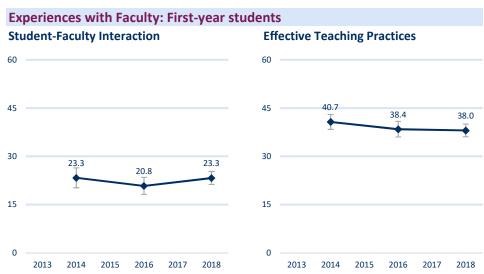


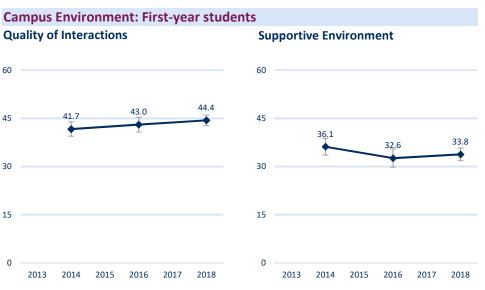
NSSE 2018 Multi-Year Report

Engagement Results by Theme Southern Oregon University

Engagement Indicators (EIs) represent the average student responses to a set of related survey questions. Each theme below is represented by two EIs. See pages 10-12 for detailed statistics. For more information, including the items that make up each EI, refer to your *Engagement Indicators* report.



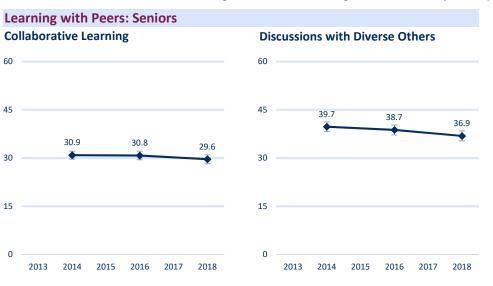


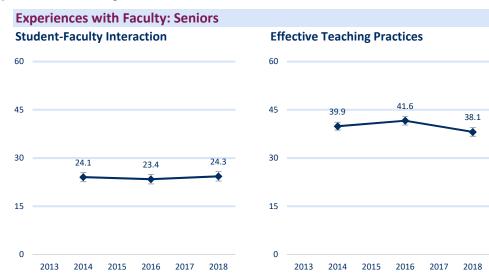


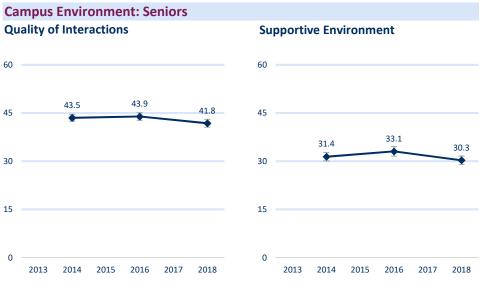


Engagement Results by Theme Southern Oregon University

Engagement Indicators (EIs) represent the average student responses to a set of related survey questions. Each theme below is represented by two EIs. See pages 10-12 for detailed statistics. For more information, including the items that make up each EI, refer to your *Engagement Indicators* report.









High-Impact Practices Southern Oregon University

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, special undergraduate opportunities are designated "high-impact." The figures below display first-year students' participation, or intent to participate, in High-Impact Practices (HIPs) by year. See page 13 for detailed statistics. For more information, refer to your *High-Impact Practices* report.

High-Impact Practices: First-year students





High-Impact Practices

Southern Oregon University

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, special undergraduate opportunities are designated "high-impact." Participation in High-Impact Practices (HIPs) by year is displayed in the figures below. See page 13 for detailed statistics. For more information, refer to your *High-Impact Practices* report.

High-Impact Practices: Seniors Service-Learning Learning Community Research with Faculty (Some, most, or all courses) (Done or in progress) (Done or in progress) 100% 100% 100% **Overall senior HIP participation** The figure below displays the percentages of seniors who participated in one, and two or 75% 75% 75% more, HIPs. The figure includes all six HIPs. 50% 50% 50% 28% 22% 100% 25% 25% 25% 75% 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Internship/Field Experience **Study Abroad Culminating Senior Experience** (Done or in progress) (Done or in progress) (Done or in progress) 50% 100% 100% 100% 75% 75% 75% 25% 50% 50% 50% 0% 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 25% 25% 25% Participated in two or more HIPs 7% ---- Participated in one HIP 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018



Detailed Statistics: Engagement Indicators and Additional Items Southern Oregon University

		First-year students												Senio	rs			
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Academic Challenge																		
Higher-Order Learning	Mean		40.7		36.4		35.5					40.1		41.2		37.9		
0	n		94		96		167					490		383		407		
	SD		13.0		12.7		12.6					14.2		13.8		13.7		
	SE		1.34		1.30		.98					.64		.70		.68		
	CI upper bound		43.4		38.9		37.4					41.4		42.6		39.2		
	CI lower bound		38.1		33.9		33.5					38.9		39.8		36.5		
Reflective & Integrative	Mean		39.1		36.3		34.9					39.8		41.1		38.3		
Learning	n		97		97		175					502		401		423		
Learning	SD		11.4		12.9		11.5					13.1		12.1		11.8		
	SE		1.15		1.31		.87					.58		.60		.58		
	CI upper bound		41.4		38.9		36.6					40.9		42.3		39.4		
	CI lower bound		36.9		33.7		33.2					38.6		40.0		37.2		
Learning Strategies	Mean		39.4		37.1		36.8					42.0		39.7		36.8		
5 5	n		84		93		152					452		366		384		
	SD		13.8		13.7		12.9					14.6		14.2		13.8		
	SE		1.50		1.43		1.05					.69		.74		.70		
	CI upper bound		42.3		39.9		38.9					43.3		41.1		38.2		
	CI lower bound		36.4		34.3		34.8					40.6		38.2		35.4		
Quantitative Reasoning	Mean		26.9		28.4		25.9					30.1		30.1		26.3		
	n		95		97		159					499		393		393		
	SD		17.4		14.5		13.3					17.1		17.3		15.2		
	SE		1.78		1.47		1.06					.77		.88		.77		
	CI upper bound		30.4		31.2		28.0					31.6		31.8		27.8		
	CI lower bound		23.5		25.5		23.9					28.6		28.4		24.8		
Academic Challenge (addit	ional items)																	
Preparing for Class	Mean		14.2		15.6		14.9					16.1		15.7		16.2		
(hours/week)	n		78		84		150					429		367		379		
, ,	SD		8.7		8.2		7.7					9.1		9.1		8.9		
	SE		.98		.90		.63					.44		.47		.46		
	CI upper bound		16.1		17.3		16.2					17.0		16.7		17.1		
	CI lower bound		12.3		13.8		13.7					15.3		14.8		15.3		
Course Reading	Mean		7.6		7.8		6.8			_		8.6		8.9		8.0		
Estimated hours per week	n		78		84		149					426		365		374		
calculated from two survey	SD		6.1		6.6		5.8					6.7		7.1		6.5		
questions.	SE		.70		.73		.48					.32		.37		.34		
	CI upper bound		8.9		9.2		7.7					9.2		9.6		8.7		
	CI lower bound		6.2		6.3		5.9					7.9		8.1		7.4		

Notes: n = Number of respondents; SD = Standard deviation; SE = Standard error of the mean; upper and lower bounds represent the 95% confidence interval (mean +/- 1.96 * SE).



Detailed Statistics: Engagement Indicators and Additional Items Southern Oregon University

				Firs	t-year s	tudents							Senio	rs			
		2013 2	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	202
Academic Challenge (additi	ional items, coi	ntinued)															
Assigned Writing	Mean	6	64.4		74.6		60.8				93.9		89.4		76.9		
Estimated number of pages	n		79		91		156				417		357		390		
calculated from three survey	SD	ϵ	68.6		81.3		91.5				88.6		82.1		81.9		
questions.	SE		7.71		8.53		7.33				4.34		4.34		4.15		
	CI upper bound		79.5		91.3		75.2				102.4		98.0		85.0		
	CI lower bound		49.3		57.8		46.4				85.4		80.9		68.7		
Course Challenge	Mean		5.4		5.4		5.2				5.6		5.7		5.5		
Extent to which courses challenged	n		88		93		152				460		375		387		
students to do their best work (1 =	SD		1.2		1.1		1.2				1.3		1.2		1.3		
"Not at all" to 7 = "Very much").	SE		.12		.12		.09				.06		.06		.07		
	CI upper bound		5.6		5.6		5.4				5.7		5.8		5.6		
	CI lower bound		5.1		5.1		5.0				5.5		5.6		5.3		
Academic Emphasis	Mean		3.0		2.9		2.8				3.1		3.0		3.0		
Perceived institutional emphasis on	n		80		85		151				431		373		386		
spending significant time studying	SD		0.8		8.0		0.7				0.8		0.8		0.8		
and on academic work (1 = "Very	SE		.09		.09		.06				.04		.04		.04		
little," 2 = "Some," 3 = "Quite a bit,"	CI upper bound		3.1		3.1		2.9				3.2		3.1		3.0		
and 4 = "Very much").	CI lower bound		2.8		2.7		2.7				3.0		3.0		2.9		
earning with Peers.																	
Collaborative Learning	Mean		33.8		31.5		31.5				30.9		30.8		29.6		
_	n		101		99		181				501		397		430		
	SD	1	13.4		13.9		12.3				13.8		13.5		14.7		
	SE		1.33		1.40		.91				.62		.68		.71		
	CI upper bound	3	36.4		34.3		33.3				32.1		32.1		31.0		
	CI lower bound		31.2		28.8		29.7				29.7		29.5		28.2		
Discussions with Diverse	Mean	4	42.2		38.1		39.5				39.7		38.7		36.9		
Others	n		89		94		155				456		376		391		
	SD		14.2		16.6		15.2				16.1		15.2		15.7		
	SE		1.50		1.71		1.22				.75		.78		.79		
	CI upper bound	4	45.1		41.4		41.9				41.2		40.3		38.4		
	CI lower bound	3	39.2		34.7		37.1				38.3		37.2		35.3		

Notes: n = Number of respondents; SD = Standard deviation; SE = Standard error of the mean; upper and lower bounds represent the 95% confidence interval (mean $\pm 1.96 \times SE$).



Detailed Statistics: Engagement Indicators and Additional Items Southern Oregon University

				Firs	t-year s	tudents							Senio	rs			
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Experiences with Faculty																	
Student-Faculty	Mean		23.3		20.8		23.3				24.1		23.4		24.3		
Interaction	n		95		96		169				492		391		415		
interaction	SD		15.4		13.3		13.5				15.9		14.7		15.3		
	SE		1.58		1.36		1.03				.72		.74		.75		
	CI upper bound		26.4		23.4		25.3				25.5		24.9		25.8		
	CI lower bound		20.2		18.1		21.2				22.7		21.9		22.8		
Effective Teaching	Mean		40.7		38.4		38.0			-	39.9		41.6		38.1		
Practices	n		97		97		165				501		395		404		
Fractices	SD		11.6		12.2		13.1				13.7		13.5		13.9		
	SE		1.18		1.24		1.02				.61		.68		.69		
	CI upper bound		43.0		40.9		40.0				41.1		42.9		39.5		
	CI lower bound		38.4		36.0		36.0				38.7		40.3		36.7		
Campus Environment										·							
Quality of Interactions	Mean		41.7		43.0		44.4				43.5		43.9		41.8		
X	n		83		89		151				433		363		361		
	SD		10.4		11.1		10.3				11.3		11.5		11.8		
	SE		1.14		1.18		.84				.54		.61		.62		
	CI upper bound		43.9		45.3		46.0				44.6		45.1		43.0		
	CI lower bound		39.4		40.7		42.7				42.5		42.7		40.6		
Supportive Environment	Mean		36.1		32.6		33.8				31.4		33.1		30.3		
	n		80		83		150				428		370		382		
	SD		11.7		13.2		12.2				13.8		14.5		13.0		
	SE		1.31		1.45		1.00				.67		.75		.66		
	CI upper bound		38.7		35.4		35.7				32.7		34.5		31.6		
	CI lower bound		33.6		29.7		31.8				30.1		31.6		29.0		

Notes: n = Number of respondents; SD = Standard deviation; SE = Standard error of the mean; upper and lower bounds represent the 95% confidence interval (mean +/- 1.96 * SE).



Detailed Statistics: High-Impact Practices

Southern Oregon University

				Firs	t-vear	students				regon e			Senio	ors			
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
a	%	2013	65	2013	70	2017	46	2013	2020	2013	63	2013	67	2017	64	2013	2020
Service-Learning ^a	n		88		92		152				458		376		384		
	SE		5.1		4.8		4.1				2.3		2.4		2.5		
	CI upper bound (%)		75		79		54				67		71		68		
	CI lower bound (%)		55		60		38				58		62		59		
Learning Community ^a	%		19		15		7				19		22		22		
Learning Community	n		85		92		154				458		378		390		
	SE		4.3		3.7		2.1				1.8		2.1		2.1		
	CI upper bound (%)		28		22		11				23		26		27		
	CI lower bound (%)		11		7		3				15		18		18		
Research with Faculty ^a	%		6		9		7				28		26		20		
,	n		85		91		153				458		374		390		
	SE		2.5		3.0		2.1				2.1		2.3		2.0		
	CI upper bound (%)		10		15		11				32		31		24		
	CI lower bound (%)		1		3		3				24		22		16		
Internship or Field	%		68		59		70				52		49		42		
Experience ^b	n		88		92		155				459		379		388		
(First-year results: Plan to do)	SE		5.0		5.2		3.7 77				2.3		2.6		2.5		
(First-year results. Plan to do)	CI upper bound (%) CI lower bound (%)		78 58		69 49		63				57 47		54 44		46 37		
h	%		44		49		39			-	8		7		7		
Study Abroad ^b	n		87		92		154				459		378		390		
(First-year results: Plan to do)	SE		5.4		5.1		3.9				1.3		1.3		1.3		
	CI upper bound (%)		54		50		47				10		9		9		
	CI lower bound (%)		33		30		31				5		4		4		
Culminating Senior	%		77		58		63			-	64		64		47		
•	n		87		92		151				460		378		387		
Experience ^b	SE		4.5		5.2		3.9				2.2		2.5		2.5		
(First-year results: Plan to do)	CI upper bound (%)		86		68		71				68		68		52		
	CI lower bound (%)		69		48		55				59		59		42		
Overall HIP Participat	ion ^c																
Participated in one HIP	%		48		53		42				19		19		28		
rarticipated in one rin	n		88		92		154				463		379		391		
	SE		5.4		5.2		4.0				1.8		2.0		2.3		
	CI upper bound (%)		59		63		50				23		23		33		
	CI lower bound (%)		38		43		34				16		15		24		
Participated in two or	%		19		18		9				67		71		56		
more HIPs	n		88		92		154				463		379		391		
HIGHE FILES	SE		4.2		4.1		2.3				2.2		2.3		2.5		
	CI upper bound (%)		27		26		13				72		76		61		
	CI lower bound (%)		11		10		4				63		66		52		

Notes: n = Number of respondents; SE = Standard error of the proportion (sqrt[(p*(1-p))/(n-1)]) where p is the proportion; upper and lower bounds represent the 95% confidence interval (p+/-1.96*SE).

IPEDS: 210146

a. Results are the percentage who had done the activity.

b. First-year results are the percentage who planned to do the activity; Senior results are the percentage who had done the activity.

c. First-year results are limited to participation in a Learning Community, Service-Learning, and Research with Faculty; senior results include all six HIPs.



NSSE 2018 Topical Module Report Learning with Technology

Southern Oregon University

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Administration Summary Southern Oregon University

About This Topical Module

Developed in partnership with EDUCAUSE, these questions examine the role of technology in student learning, focusing on usage, contribution to learning, and perceptions of institutional support. This module complements questions on the core survey about learning with peers, quality of interactions with others, and institutional emphasis on academic support. Complementary FSSE set available.

Comparison Group

This section summarizes how this module's comparison group was identified, including selection criteria and whether the default option was taken. This is followed by the resulting list of institutions represented in the 'Learning with Tech' column of this report.

Group label	Learning with Tech
Date submitted	5/23/18
How was this comparison group constructed?	Your institution retained the default comparison group (all module participants).
Group description	All other current- and prior-year (if applicable) NSSE institutions who administered module "Learning with Technology"

Learning with Tech (N=38)

Albany College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences (Albany, NY)*

Bacone College (Muskogee, OK)

Brock University (St. Catharines, ON)*

Centenary College of Louisiana (Shreveport, LA)*

Central Methodist University (Fayette, MO)

Coker College (Hartsville, SC)

Colorado State University-Pueblo (Pueblo, CO)

D'Youville College (Buffalo, NY)

Delaware State University (Dover, DE)*

Florida Southern College (Lakeland, FL)

Gwynedd Mercy University (Gwynedd Valley, PA)

Jackson State University (Jackson, MS)

Jacksonville State University (Jacksonville, AL)

James Madison University (Harrisonburg, VA)*

Keuka College (Keuka Park, NY)

Lawrence Technological University (Southfield, MI)*

Lubbock Christian University (Lubbock, TX)*

Midland University (Fremont, NE)*

Molloy College (Rockville Centre, NY)

National University (La Jolla, CA)

New York Institute of Technology (Old Westbury, NY)*

Olivet Nazarene University (Bourbonnais, IL)

Pacific Lutheran University (Tacoma, WA)*

Saint Vincent College (Latrobe, PA)*

Shenandoah University (Winchester, VA)

South Dakota State University (Brookings, SD)

SUNY College of Technology at Alfred (Alfred, NY)*

Thomas More College (Crestview Hills, KY)*

University of Puget Sound (Tacoma, WA)*

University of South Carolina Upstate (Spartanburg, SC)

University of Southern Maine (Portland, ME)*

University of the District of Columbia (Washington, DC)

Ursuline College (Pepper Pike, OH)

Valley City State University (Valley City, ND)*

Vancouver Island University (Nanaimo, BC)

Whitworth University (Spokane, WA)*

William Jewell College (Liberty, MO)

York College of Pennsylvania (York, PA)



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy D	istributio Learning w		Statistical	Compari Learning	
				SOU		Tech		SOU	Tec	_
Item wording or description	Variable name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	Effect size ^d
L. During the current school year,	how much ha	s your use	of technology contribu	ted to the follo	wing:					
a. Your understanding of course	TEC01a	1	Very little	2	2	136	2			
materials and ideas		2	Some	18	12	938	16			
		3	Quite a bit	71	49	2,516	43	3.2	3.2	.04
		4	Very much	57	37	2,248	39			
			Total	148	100	5,838	100			
b. Demonstrating your understanding	TEC01b	1	Very little	4	4	154	3			
of course content		2	Some	27	19	1,117	19			
		3	Quite a bit	68	47	2,719	47	3.1	3.1	02
		4	Very much	47	31	1,818	32			
			Total	146	100	5,808	100			
c. Learning, studying, or completing	TEC01c	1	Very little	1	1	80	2			
coursework on your own		2	Some	17	12	599	11			
		3	Quite a bit	50	35	2,311	39	3.4	3.4	.05
		4	Very much	80	53	2,837	49			
			Total	148	100	5,827	100			
d. Learning, studying, or completing	TEC01d	1	Very little	10	8	447	8			
coursework with other students		2	Some	38	26	1,379	24			
		3	Quite a bit	48	32	2,241	38	2.9	2.9	.03
		4	Very much	52	34	1,768	30			
			Total	148	100	5,835	100			
e. Distracting you from completing	TEC01e	1	Very little	14	10	724	13			
your coursework		2	Some	51	36	2,228	38			
		3	Quite a bit	54	35	1,778	30	2.6	2.6	.09
		4	Very much	28	19	1,106	19			
			Total	147	100	5,836	100			
. During the current school year,	how much ha	ve your co	urses improved your u	nderstanding a	nd use	e of technolo	gy?			
-	TEC02	1	Very little	27	18	919	16			
		2	Some	57	40	2,119	36			
		3	Quite a bit	44	30	1,876	32	2.4	2.5	12
		4	Very much	19	13	897	16			
			Total	147	100	5,811	100			
. During the current school year,	ahout how of	ten have v	ou used the following t	echnologies in	vour	courses?				
a. Electronic textbooks	TEC03a	l l	Never	36	24	1,679	28			
	120034	2	Sometimes	53	37	2,030	35			
		3	Often	35	24	1,269	22	2.3	2.2	.03
		4	Very often	21	13	813	14	2.3	2.2	.03
		_	I don't know what this is	3	3	50	1			
			Total	148	100	5,841	100			
b. Online portfolios or e-portfolios	TEC03b	1	Never	54	37	2,546	44			
F or & borroupp		2	Sometimes	42	30	1,409	24			
		3	Often	14	9	650	12	1.8	1.8	.03
		4	Very often	9	5	319	6	1.0	1.0	.03
		_	I don't know what this is	28	19	910	15			
				20		/.0				



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy D	istributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Compar	isons ^b
						Learning w	ith		Learnin	g with
				SOU		Tech		SOU	Ted	ch
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size d
c. Blogs	TEC03c	1	Never	101	68	3,879	66			
		2	Sometimes	36	25	1,271	22			
		3	Often	6	4	391	7	1.4	1.5	12
		4	Very often	2	1	204	3			
		_	I don't know what this is	3	2	84	2			
			Total	148	100	5,829	100			
d. Collaborative editing software	TEC03d	1	Never	11	8	923	17			
(Wikis, Google Docs, etc.)		2	Sometimes	36	26	1,915	33			
		3	Often	47	30	1,663	28	2.9	2.5 ***	* .37
		4	Very often	53	35	1,292	21			
		_	I don't know what this is	1	1	40	1			
			Total	148	100	5,833	100			
e. Multimedia software (drawing,	TEC03e	1	Never	89	59	3,157	53			
audio or video production, editing,		2	Sometimes	32	22	1,486	26			
etc.)		3	Often	16	12	715	12	1.6	1.7	13
		4	Very often	7	5	394	7			
		_	I don't know what this is	4	3	70	1			
			Total	148	100	5,822	100			
f. Social networking (Facebook,	TEC03f	1	Never	82	55	2,264	39			
Twitter, etc.)		2	Sometimes	41	29	1,658	28			
		3	Often	12	9	938	16	1.7	2.1 ***	*37
		4	Very often	11	7	955	16		\blacksquare	
		_	I don't know what this is	0	0	20	1		'	
			Total	146	100	5,835	100			
g. Mobile computing (handheld	TEC03g	1	Never	15	9	777	14			
devices such as smartphones,		2	Sometimes	59	40	1,933	33			
tablets, etc.)		3	Often	41	28	1,510	26	2.6	2.7	03
		4	Very often	33	23	1,596	27	2.0	2.7	.03
		_	I don't know what this is	0	0	14	0			
			Total	148	100	5,830	100			
						-				
4. During the current school year,						_		?		
a. Students	TEC04a	1	Never	0	0	93	2			
		2	Sometimes	11	8	648	12	2.7		
		3	Often	44	32	1,443	25	3.5	3.4	.09
		4	Very often	91	60	3,643	61			
			Total	146	100	5,827	100			
b. Academic advisors	TEC04b	1	Never	16	10	627	11			
		2	Sometimes	43	32	1,979	35			
		3	Often	51	34	1,842	31	2.7	2.7	.06
		4	Very often	36	23	1,381	23			
			Total	146	100	5,829	100			
c. Faculty	TEC04c	1	Never	13	9	431	8			
		2	Sometimes	45	32	1,975	35			
		2	Often	54	36	1,983	34	2.7	2.7	.00
		3	Otten	34	30	1,703	٥.	4.1	2.7	.00
		4	Very often	35	23	1,434	24	2.1	2.7	.00



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Compari	sons
						Learning w	ith		Learning	with
				SOU		Tech		SOU	Tecl	h
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
d. Student services staff (career	TEC04d	1	Never	28	19	1,654	29			
services, student activities,		2	Sometimes	60	41	2,129	37			
housing, etc.)		3	Often	34	24	1,192	20	2.4	2.2 *	.20
		4	Very often	25	16	841	14		Δ	
			Total	147	100	5,816	100			
e. Other administrative staff and	TEC04e	1	Never	30	20	1,521	27			
offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)		2	Sometimes	56	38	2,399	41			
		3	Often	37	26	1,104	19	2.4	2.2 *	.19
		4	Very often	23	16	789	13		Δ	
			Total	146	100	5,813	100		_	
6. How much does your institution	emnhasize t	he followi	ng?							
a. Teaching with new, cutting-edge	TEC05a	1	Very little	24	16	932	16			
technologies		2	Some	78	53	2,473	42			
		3	Quite a bit	34	23	1,821	32	2.2	2.4 *	19
		4	Very much	10	7	588	10	2.2	V 2.4	19
			Total	146	100	5,814	100		٧	
b. Providing technology to help you	TEC05b	1	Very little	16	11	529	10			
learn, study, or complete		2	Some	57	38	1,860	32			
coursework		3	Quite a bit	55	38	2,357	41	2.5	2.7 *	19
		4	Very much	18	12	1,040	18	210	∇	.17
			Total	146	100	5,786	100		V	
c. Teaching you how to use available	TEC05c	1	Very little	11	8	597	10			
technologies to learn, study, or		2	Some	62	43	2,032	34			
complete coursework		3	Quite a bit	60	41	2,239	39	2.5	2.6	14
		4	Very much	13	8	936	16	2.5	2.0	14
		•	Total	146	100	5,804	100			
d. Providing support services to assist	TEC05d	1	Very little	14	10	604	11			
you with your use of technology		2	Some	61	42	2,060	36			
you with your use of technology		3	Ouite a bit	51	36	2,182	37	2.5	2.6	10
		4	Very much	20	12	958	17	4.3	2.0	10
		-	Total	146	100	5,804	100			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy D	stributio Learning w		Statistical	Comparis Learning	
				SOU		Tech	1111	SOU	Tech	
	Variable									Effec
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size '
. During the current school year,	how much ha	s your use	of technology contribu	ted to the follo	wing:					
a. Your understanding of course	TEC01a	1	Very little	8	2	158	2			
materials and ideas		2	Some	65	18	964	12			
		3	Quite a bit	142	39	2,668	36	3.2	3.3 ***	19
		4	Very much	147	41	3,662	50		∇	
			Total	362	100	7,452	100		,	
b. Demonstrating your understanding	TEC01b	1	Very little	15	4	188	3			
of course content		2	Some	72	20	1,104	15			
		3	Quite a bit	139	38	2,854	38	3.1	3.3 ***	20
		4	Very much	134	38	3,267	45		∇	
			Total	360	100	7,413	100			
c. Learning, studying, or completing	TEC01c	1	Very little	4	1	93	1			
coursework on your own		2	Some	34	10	616	8			
		3	Quite a bit	113	31	2,357	32	3.5	3.5	04
		4	Very much	209	58	4,375	59			
			Total	360	100	7,441	100			
d. Learning, studying, or completing	TEC01d	1	Very little	33	9	495	8			
coursework with other students		2	Some	84	23	1,344	18			
		3	Quite a bit	134	37	2,507	33	2.9	3.1 ***	19
		4	Very much	110	31	3,088	41		∇	
			Total	361	100	7,434	100			
e. Distracting you from completing	TEC01e	1	Very little	56	15	1,321	19			
your coursework		2	Some	146	41	2,673	36			
		3	Quite a bit	88	24	2,066	27	2.5	2.4	.0:
		4	Very much	72	20	1,391	18			
			Total	362	100	7,451	100			
. During the current school year,	how much ha	ve your co	urses improved your u	nderstanding a	nd use	of technolo	gy?			
	TEC02	1	Very little	64	18	1,067	14			
		2	Some	136	37	2,498	32			
		3	Quite a bit	110	31	2,250	30	2.4	2.6 ***	2
		4	Very much	48	14	1,576	23		∇	
			Total	358	100	7,391	100		· ·	
. During the current school year,	about how of	ten have v	ou used the following t	echnologies in	vour	courses?				
a. Electronic textbooks	TEC03a	1	Never	108	29	2,201	28			
		2	Sometimes	132	36	2,528	34			
		3	Often	57	16	1,418	19	2.2	2.3	04
		4	Very often	63	18	1,276	18	_,_	2.3	.0
		_	I don't know what this is	2	1	19	0			
			Total	362	100	7,442	100			
b. Online portfolios or e-portfolios	TEC03b	1	Never	152	41	3,174	42			
		2	Sometimes	85	25	1,813	25			
		3	Often	44	12	899	12	1.9	1.8	.01
		4	Very often	28	8	622	8	1.7	1.0	.01
		_	I don't know what this is	51	14	925	13			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy Di	istributio	ns ^d	Statistical	Comparis	son
						Learning w	rith		Learning	with
				SOU		Tech		SOU	Tecl	h
	Variable						_,			Effe size
Item wording or description c. Blogs	name TEC03c	Values ^c	Response options Never	Count 231	63	4,437	59	Mean	Mean	size
c. Blogs	TECOSC	2	Sometimes	94	27	2,002	27			
		3	Often	23	6	563	8	1.5		
		4		11	3	355	5	1.5	1.6 *	10
		4	Very often I don't know what this is	11	0	333 72	1		∇	
		_	Total	360	100	7,429	100			
d. Collaborative editing software	TEC03d	1	Never	49	14	974	14			
(Wikis, Google Docs, etc.)	TECUSU	2	Sometimes	105	30	2,050	28			
(,g,,								2.7		
		3	Often	98	26	2,088	27	2.7	2.7	0
		4	Very often	110	30	2,290	30			
		_	I don't know what this is	0	0	33	1			
74 1: 1: 0: (1: :	TE COA		Total	362	100	7,435	100			
 Multimedia software (drawing, audio or video production, editing, 	TEC03e	1	Never	188	51	3,348	44			
etc.)		2	Sometimes	96	27	2,188	30	4.0		
		3	Often	38	11	991	14	1.8	1.9 *	1
		4	Very often	37	11	843	12		∇	
		_	I don't know what this is	2	0	57	1			
·			Total	361	100	7,427	100			
Social networking (Facebook, Twitter, etc.)	TEC03f	1	Never	149	41	2,743	39			
		2	Sometimes	119	33	2,267	30			
		3	Often	45	13	1,186	15	2.0	2.1	0
		4	Very often	48	13	1,199	15			
		_	I don't know what this is	0	0	20	0			
			Total	361	100	7,415	100			
g. Mobile computing (handheld	TEC03g	1	Never	62	17	966	13			
devices such as smartphones, tablets, etc.)		2	Sometimes	118	32	2,303	31			
tables, etc.)		3	Often	86	24	1,916	26	2.6	2.7 *	1
		4	Very often	96	27	2,222	29		∇	
		_	I don't know what this is	0	0	12	0			
			Total	362	100	7,419	100			
. During the current school year,	about how of	ten have y	ou used technology to c	ommunicate v	with th	ne following	people	?		
a. Students	TEC04a	1	Never	5	1	97	2			
		2	Sometimes	57	16	720	11			
		3	Often	91	25	1,604	22	3.4	3.5 **	1
		4	Very often	211	58	5,005	66		∇	
			Total	364	100	7,426	100		· ·	
b. Academic advisors	TEC04b	1	Never	21	6	555	8			
		2	Sometimes	109	30	1,985	28			
		3	Often	113	31	2,301	30	2.9	2.9	.0
		4	Very often	119	33	2,586	34			
			Total	362	100	7,427	100			
c. Faculty	TEC04c	1	Never	7	2	269	4			
		2	Sometimes	95	26	1,712	24			
		3	Often	123	34	2,588	34	3.1	3.1	.0
		4	Very often	137	38	2,850	38			
			Total	362	100	7,419	100			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Compari	sons
						Learning w	ith		Learning	with
				SOU		Tech		SOU	Tecl	า
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
d. Student services staff (career	TEC04d	1	Never	118	32	2,513	35			
services, student activities,		2	Sometimes	108	30	2,324	31			
housing, etc.)		3	Often	77	21	1,259	17	2.2	2.2	.05
		4	Very often	60	17	1,319	18			
			Total	363	100	7,415	100			
e. Other administrative staff and	TEC04e	1	Never	62	16	1,685	23			
offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)		2	Sometimes	161	45	3,051	41			
		3	Often	79	21	1,390	19	2.4	2.3	.09
		4	Very often	59	17	1,279	17			
			Total	361	100	7,405	100			
. How much does your institution	emnhasize t	he followi	ng?							
a. Teaching with new, cutting-edge	TEC05a	1	Very little	76	20	1,236	16			
Teaching with new, cutting-edge technologies		2	Some	176	48	2,900	39			
		3	Quite a bit	86	24	2,282	31	2.2	2.4 ***	26
		4	Very much	25	7	965	13	2.2	\(\sigma\)	20
			Total	363	100	7,383	100		V	
b. Providing technology to help you	TEC05b	1	Very little	45	13	835	12			
learn, study, or complete		2	Some	150	40	2,370	32			
coursework		3	Quite a bit	129	36	2,713	36	2.5	2.6 ***	21
		4	Very much	38	11	1,479	20	2.0	∇	.21
			Total	362	100	7,397	100		V	
c. Teaching you how to use available	TEC05c	1	Very little	46	13	947	13			
technologies to learn, study, or		2	Some	156	43	2,591	34			
complete coursework		3	Quite a bit	125	35	2,552	34	2.4	2.6 ***	17
		4	Very much	35	10	1,301	18	#+T	\(\sigma\)	1/
		•	Total	362	100	7,391	100		V	
d. Providing support services to assist	TEC05d	1	Very little	72	20	1,084	15			
you with your use of technology		2	Some	164	44	2,770	37			
		3	Quite a bit	91	25	2,359	32	2.3	2.5 ***	24
		4	Very much	37	11	1,193	16	4.3	Z.3 ****	24
			Total	364	100	7,406	100		V	



Detailed Statistics^e Southern Oregon University

					,		ndard	h	i	Effect
	N	Me	an	Standa	rd error ^f	devi	ation ^g	DF ^h	Sig. ⁱ	size ^d
Variable								Comp	arisons with:	
name	SOU	SOU	Learning with Tech	SOU	Learning with Tech	SOU	Learning with Tech	Learni	ng with Tech	
TEC01a	145	3.21	3.18	.06	.01	0.72	0.78	6,353	.645	.04
TEC01b	143	3.06	3.07	.07	.01	0.80	0.78	6,318	.795	02
TEC01c	145	3.39	3.35	.06	.01	0.73	0.73	6,340	.534	.05
TEC01d	145	2.92	2.89	.08	.01	0.95	0.93	6,348	.696	.03
TEC01e	144	2.63	2.55	.08	.01	0.90	0.94	6,346	.307	.09
TEC02	144	2.37	2.49	.08	.01	0.92	0.94	6,321	.144	12
TEC03a	141	2.27	2.23	.08	.01	0.98	1.01	6,296	.701	.03
TEC03b	117	1.78	1.76	.08	.01	0.88	0.92	5,394	.755	.03
TEC03c	143	1.37	1.46	.05	.01	0.62	0.77	152	.076	12
TEC03d	144	2.92	2.54	.08	.01	0.97	1.00	6,298	.000	.37
TEC03e	141	1.61	1.73	.07	.01	0.88	0.93	6,253	.116	13
TEC03f	143	1.68	2.08	.08	.01	0.91	1.09	151	.000	37
TEC03g	145	2.64	2.67	.08	.01	0.94	1.02	152	.693	03
TEC04a	143	3.52	3.44	.05	.01	0.65	0.78	152	.190	.09
TEC04b	143	2.71	2.66	.08	.01	0.94	0.95	6,341	.501	.06
TEC04c	144	2.73	2.73	.08	.01	0.92	0.91	6,333	.960	.00
TEC04d	144	2.38	2.18	.08	.01	0.97	1.01	6,329	.018	.20
TEC04e	143	2.37	2.19	.08	.01	0.98	0.98	6,318	.024	.19
TEC05a	143	2.21	2.37	.07	.01	0.81	0.87	150	.019	19
TEC05b	143	2.50	2.67	.07	.01	0.85	0.88	6,287	.023	19
TEC05c	143	2.49	2.61	.06	.01	0.76	0.88	151	.057	14
TEC05d	143	2.51	2.60	.07	.01	0.84	0.89	6,311	.260	10



Detailed Statistics^e **Southern Oregon University**

						ndard			Effect	
	N	Me	ean	Standa	rd error ^f	devi	ation ^g	\mathbf{DF}^{h}	Sig.i	size ^d
Variable								Сотр	arisons with:	
name	SOU	SOU	Learning with Tech	SOU	Learning with Tech	SOU	Learning with Tech	Learni	ng with Tech	
TEC01a	356	3.18	3.33	.04	.01	0.80	0.77	9,272	.000	19
TEC01b	354	3.09	3.25	.05	.01	0.86	0.79	9,216	.000	20
TEC01c	353	3.45	3.48	.04	.01	0.72	0.70	9,253	.468	04
TEC01d	354	2.89	3.08	.05	.01	0.95	0.94	9,244	.000	19
TEC01e	355	2.48	2.44	.05	.01	0.98	1.00	9,266	.403	.05
TEC02	351	2.41	2.62	.05	.01	0.94	0.99	9,188	.000	21
TEC03a	353	2.23	2.27	.06	.01	1.06	1.06	9,231	.489	04
TEC03b	304	1.86	1.84	.06	.01	0.99	0.99	8,054	.804	.01
TEC03c	352	1.50	1.58	.04	.01	0.76	0.84	385	.049	10
TEC03d	355	2.73	2.74	.06	.01	1.04	1.03	9,202	.744	02
TEC03e	352	1.81	1.92	.05	.01	1.01	1.02	9,160	.048	11
TEC03f	354	1.98	2.07	.05	.01	1.03	1.07	385	.124	08
TEC03g	355	2.61	2.72	.06	.01	1.06	1.03	9,203	.048	11
TEC04a	358	3.39	3.52	.04	.01	0.80	0.75	383	.003	17
TEC04b	356	2.92	2.90	.05	.01	0.93	0.96	9,238	.802	.01
TEC04c	356	3.09	3.05	.04	.01	0.84	0.88	9,230	.445	.04
TEC04d	357	2.23	2.17	.06	.01	1.07	1.09	9,227	.325	.05
TEC04e	354	2.39	2.30	.05	.01	0.95	1.01	9,209	.105	.09
TEC05a	358	2.18	2.42	.04	.01	0.84	0.92	392	.000	26
TEC05b	356	2.45	2.65	.04	.01	0.85	0.93	390	.000	21
TEC05c	357	2.42	2.58	.04	.01	0.84	0.93	392	.001	17
TEC05d	358	2.27	2.50	.05	.01	0.90	0.93	389	.000	24



Endnotes Southern Oregon University

Endnotes

- a. Column percentages are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Percentages may not sum to 100 due to rounding. Counts are unweighted; column percentages cannot be replicated from counts.
- b. All statistics are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Unless otherwise noted, statistical comparisons are two-tailed independent t-tests. Items with categorical response sets are left blank.
- c. These are the values used to calculate means. For the majority of items, these values match the codes in the data file and codebook.
- d. Effect size for independent t- tests uses Cohen's d; z- tests use Cohen's h.
- e. Statistics are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Categorical items are not listed.
- f. The 95% confidence interval for the population mean is equal to the sample mean plus or minus 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.
- g. A measure of the amount individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.
- h. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values differ from Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.
- i. Statistical comparisons are two-tailed independent *t*-tests or *z*-tests. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between your students' mean and that of the students in the comparison group is due to chance.
- j. Statistical comparison uses z- test to compare the proportion who responded (depending on the item) "Done or in progress" or "Yes" with all who responded otherwise.
- k. Mean represents the proportion who responded (depending on the item) "Done or in progress" or "Yes."

Key to symbols:



Your students' average was significantly higher ($p \le .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.



Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.



Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.



Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to item wording and your institutional context.



NSSE 2018 Topical Module Report First-Year Experiences and Senior Transitions

Southern Oregon University

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Administration Summary Southern Oregon University

About This Topical Module

This module includes a set of items only for first-year students and a set only for seniors, with questions adapted from the Beginning College Survey of Student Engagement and the Strategic National Arts Alumni Project, respectively. The first-year items focus on academic perseverance, help-seeking behaviors, and institutional commitment, while the senior items explore post-graduation plans, links between the academic major and future plans, and confidence with skills developed during college.

Comparison Group

This section summarizes how this module's comparison group was identified, including selection criteria and whether the default option was taken. This is followed by the resulting list of institutions represented in the 'FY Exp / Sr Transitn' column of this report.

Group label	FY Exp / Sr Transitn
Date submitted	5/23/18
How was this comparison group constructed?	Your institution retained the default comparison group (all module participants).
Group description	All other current- and prior-year (if applicable) NSSE institutions who administered module "First-Year Experiences and Senior Transitions"

FY Exp / Sr Transitn (N=302)

FT EXP / SI ITALISIUI (IN-302)	
Abraham Baldwin Agricultural College (Tifton, GA)*	Brigham Young University (Provo, UT)
Acadia University (Wolfville, NS)*	California Baptist University (Riverside, CA)*
Adams State University (Alamosa, CO)	California State University Maritime Academy (Vallejo, CA)*
Alberta College of Art + Design (Calgary, AB)	California State University, Chico (Chico, CA)
Albertus Magnus College (New Haven, CT)	California State University, East Bay (Hayward, CA)*
Alma College (Alma, MI)*	California University of Pennsylvania (California, PA)*
Ambrose University (Calgary, AB)	Campbellsville University (Campbellsville, KY)
Angelo State University (San Angelo, TX)*	Capilano University (North Vancouver, BC)
Aquinas College (Grand Rapids, MI)	Chicago State University (Chicago, IL)*
Arizona Christian University (Phoenix, AZ)*	Citadel, The Military College of South Carolina, The (Charleston, SC)
Arkansas Tech University (Russellville, AR)*	Clarion University of Pennsylvania (Clarion, PA)
ArtCenter College of Design (Pasadena, CA)*	Cleveland State University (Cleveland, OH)
Ashford University (San Diego, CA)	College of Saint Elizabeth (Morristown, NJ)*
Auburn University at Montgomery (Montgomery, AL)	College of Saint Rose, The (Albany, NY)*
Augusta University (Augusta, GA)	College of the Holy Cross (Worcester, MA)*
Austin College (Sherman, TX)*	College of Wooster, The (Wooster, OH)
Azusa Pacific University (Azusa, CA)*	Columbus State University (Columbus, GA)*
Bard College (Annandale-On-Hudson, NY)	Concordia College-New York (Bronxville, NY)*
Barry University (Miami, FL)	Concordia University (Montreal, QC)*
Bellarmine University (Louisville, KY)	Concordia University Texas (Austin, TX)
Benedictine College (Atchison, KS)	Crown College (Saint Bonifacius, MN)*
Bethany College (Bethany, WV)*	Culver-Stockton College (Canton, MO)*
Bethany Lutheran College (Mankato, MN)*	Cumberland University (Lebanon, TN)
Binghamton University (State University of New York) (Vestal, NY)*	Dalhousie University (Halifax, NS)*
Black Hills State University (Spearfish, SD)	Davis & Elkins College (Elkins, WV)*
Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania (Bloomsburg, PA)	Dean College (Franklin, MA)
Bowling Green State University (Bowling Green, OH)*	Delta State University (Cleveland, MS)
Brandon University (Brandon, MB)*	DePauw University (Greencastle, IN)
Bridgewater College (Bridgewater, VA)	Drew University (Madison, NJ)*
Briercrest College and Seminary (Caronport, SK)*	Earlham College (Richmond, IN)

FY Exp / Sr Transitn (N=302), continued

East Stroudsburg University of Pennsylvania (East Stroudsburg, PA)*

Eastern Illinois University (Charleston, IL)* Eastern New Mexico University (Portales, NM)

Eastern Oregon University (La Grande, OR)*

Eastern University (Saint Davids, PA)*

Eastern Washington University (Cheney, WA)*

Eckerd College (Saint Petersburg, FL)

Edinboro University of Pennsylvania (Edinboro, PA)

Elizabeth City State University (Elizabeth City, NC)*

Emerson College (Boston, MA) Emmanuel College (Boston, MA)

Fayetteville State University (Fayetteville, NC)

Felician University (Lodi, NJ)*
Ferris State University (Big Rapids, MI)

Finlandia University (Hancock, MI)

Florida Institute of Technology (Melbourne, FL)*

Florida Southern College (Lakeland, FL)

Florida State University (Tallahassee, FL)*

Framingham State University (Framingham, MA)

Franklin Pierce University (Rindge, NH)*

Freed-Hardeman University (Henderson, TN)

Friends University (Wichita, KS)*

Gallaudet University (Washington, DC)*

Grand Canyon University (Phoenix, AZ)

Gwynedd Mercy University (Gwynedd Valley, PA)

Harrisburg University of Science and Technology (Harrisburg, PA)

Hiram College (Hiram, OH)*

Hobart and William Smith Colleges (Geneva, NY)

Hofstra University (Hempstead, NY)

Hollins University (Roanoke, VA)*

Hope International University (Fullerton, CA)*

Houston Baptist University (Houston, TX)*

Howard University (Washington, DC)

Huron University College (London, ON)*

Indiana Institute of Technology (Fort Wayne, IN)

Indiana University Kokomo (Kokomo, IN) Indiana University of Pennsylvania (Indiana, PA)

Indiana University Southeast (New Albany, IN)

Kansas Wesleyan University (Salina, KS)*

Kaplan University (Davenport, IA)*

Kent State University (Kent, OH)*

Kentucky State University (Frankfort, KY)*

Kentucky Wesleyan College (Owensboro, KY)

Kenyon College (Gambier, OH)*

Kutztown University of Pennsylvania (Kutztown, PA)*

Lafayette College (Easton, PA)

Lake Erie College (Painesville, OH)

Lake Forest College (Lake Forest, IL)*

Langston University (Langston, OK)

Laurentian University/Université Laurentienne (Sudbury, ON)*

Lehigh University (Bethlehem, PA)

Lenoir-Rhyne University (Hickory, NC)

Lewis & Clark College (Portland, OR)

Lincoln College (Lincoln, IL)

Lincoln University (Jefferson City, MO)*

Lock Haven University (Lock Haven, PA)*

Louisiana State University and Agricultural & Mechanical College (Baton Rouge, LA)

Louisiana State University at Alexandria (Alexandria, LA)

Loyola University Maryland (Baltimore, MD)

Luther College (Decorah, IA)*

Lycoming College (Williamsport, PA)

Manchester University (North Manchester, IN)*

Mansfield University of Pennsylvania (Mansfield, PA)*

Marian University (Fond Du Lac, WI)

Manhattanville College (Purchase, NY)*

Marymount California University (Rancho Palos Verdes, CA)

Marymount Manhattan College (New York, NY)*

Massachusetts College of Liberal Arts (North Adams, MA)

McKendree University (Lebanon, IL)*

McMurry University (Abilene, TX)

Memorial University of Newfoundland (St. John's, NL)*

Mercy College (Dobbs Ferry, NY)*

Miami University-Hamilton (Hamilton, OH)*

Miami University-Middletown (Middletown, OH)*

Midway University (Midway, KY)

Millersville University of Pennsylvania (Millersville, PA)*

Milligan College (Milligan College, TN)*

Mississippi University for Women (Columbus, MS)

Missouri Valley College (Marshall, MO)*

Morehead State University (Morehead, KY)

Mount Mercy University (Cedar Rapids, IA)

Mount St. Vincent University (Halifax, NS)*

Muhlenberg College (Allentown, PA)*

Muskingum University (New Concord, OH)

Naharaha Washaran Hairanita (Linasha NE)

Nebraska Wesleyan University (Lincoln, NE)*

New College of Florida (Sarasota, FL)* New England College (Henniker, NH)*

New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology (Socorro, NM)*

New Mexico State University (Las Cruces, NM)*

Newbury College-Brookline (Brookline, MA)* Nicholls State University (Thibodaux, LA)

Nichols College (Dudley, MA)

Nipissing University (North Bay, ON)*

Apissing Oniversity (North Bay, ON)

Norfolk State University (Norfolk, VA)

North Central University (Minneapolis, MN)* Northern Illinois University (Dekalb, IL)

Northern Kentucky University (Highland Heights, KY)

Northern State University (Aberdeen, SD)

Northwest University (Kirkland, WA)*

Nova Southeastern University (Fort Lauderdale, FL)*

Ohio University (Athens, OH)*

Oklahoma City University (Oklahoma City, OK)

Olivet College (Olivet, MI)*

Our Lady of the Lake University (San Antonio, TX)*

Pacific University (Forest Grove, OR)

Paul Smith's College (Paul Smiths, NY)

Pepperdine University (Malibu, CA)

Pfeiffer University (Misenheimer, NC)

Pittsburg State University (Pittsburg, KS)

Plymouth State University (Plymouth, NH)*

Pratt Institute (Brooklyn, NY)

Prescott College (Prescott, AZ)*

Quincy University (Quincy, IL)

Radford University (Radford, VA)

Ramapo College of New Jersey (Mahwah, NJ) Randolph-Macon College (Ashland, VA)*

FY Exp / Sr Transitn (N=302), continued

Regent University (Virginia Beach, VA)

Roanoke College (Salem, VA)

Roberts Wesleyan College (Rochester, NY)

Roger Williams University (Bristol, RI)*

Rogers State University (Claremore, OK)*

Rosemont College (Rosemont, PA)

Rutgers University-Camden (Camden, NJ)

Ryerson University (Toronto, ON)*

Saginaw Valley State University (University Center, MI)*

Saint Joseph's College (Standish, ME)

Saint Mary's College of California (Moraga, CA)*

Saint Mary's University (Halifax, NS)*

Saint Michael's College (Colchester, VT)

Saint Xavier University (Chicago, IL)

Samford University (Birmingham, AL)*

San Jose State University (San Jose, CA)*

Savannah State University (Savannah, GA)*

Scripps College (Claremont, CA)

Sewanee: The University of the South (Sewanee, TN)*

Shaw University (Raleigh, NC)

Shippensburg University of Pennsylvania (Shippensburg, PA)

Siena College (Loudonville, NY)

Simon Fraser University (Burnaby, BC)*

Simpson College (Indianola, IA)

Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania (Slippery Rock, PA)*

Southeastern Louisiana University (Hammond, LA)

Southern Adventist University (Collegedale, TN)*

Southern Nazarene University (Bethany, OK)

Southern University at New Orleans (New Orleans, LA)

Southern Vermont College (Bennington, VT)*

Southern Virginia University (Buena Vista, VA)

Southwestern Christian University (Bethany, OK)

Spring Hill College (Mobile, AL)

St. Gregory's University (Shawnee, OK)*

St. Lawrence University (Canton, NY)*

St. Thomas University (Fredericton, NB)*

State University of New York at Potsdam, The (Potsdam, NY)*

Stephen F. Austin State University (Nacogdoches, TX)*

Stetson University (DeLand, FL)*

Stevens Institute of Technology (Hoboken, NJ)*

Suffolk University (Boston, MA)

SUNY College of Agriculture and Technology at Cobleskill (Cobleskill, NY)*

SUNY College of Technology at Canton (Canton, NY)*

SUNY Maritime College (Throggs Neck, NY)*

Susquehanna University (Selinsgrove, PA)

Tennessee Wesleyan University (Athens, TN)

Texas College (Tyler, TX)*

Texas Southern University (Houston, TX)

Thiel College (Greenville, PA)

Thomas College (Waterville, ME)

Tiffin University (Tiffin, OH)*

Trinity University (San Antonio, TX)

Tulane University (New Orleans, LA)

Tuskegee University (Tuskegee, AL)*

Tyndale University College (Toronto, ON)

Union College (Schenectady, NY)

Université d'Ottawa / University of Ottawa (Ottawa, ON)*

Université de Moncton (Moncton, NB)*

Université de Montréal (Montreal, QC)*

Université Laval (Quebec city, QC)*

University of Alberta (Edmonton, AB)*

University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff (Pine Bluff, AR)*

University of Colorado Colorado Springs (Colorado Springs, CO)

University of Connecticut (Storrs, CT)

University of Delaware (Newark, DE)*

University of Guam (Mangilao, GU)

University of Kentucky (Lexington, KY)

University of La Verne (La Verne, CA)*

University of Lethbridge (Lethbridge, AB)*

University of Maine (Orono, ME)*

University of Miami (Coral Gables, FL)

University of Minnesota, Morris (Morris, MN)*

University of Montana-Western, The (Dillon, MT)

University of Mount Olive (Mount Olive, NC)*

University of New Brunswick (Fredericton, NB)*

University of New England (Biddeford, ME)

University of North Carolina at Pembroke (Pembroke, NC)*

University of North Florida (Jacksonville, FL)*

University of North Texas at Dallas (Dallas, TX)

University of Ontario Institute of Technology (Oshawa, ON)*

University of Phoenix - Arizona/ONLINE (Tempe, AZ)*

Oniversity of Phoenix - Arizona/ONLINE (Tempe, Az

University of Phoenix - California (Costa Mesa, CA)*

University of Phoenix - Colorado (Lone Tree, CO)* University of Phoenix - Florida (Orlando, FL)*

Halinanita of Dhamin Hamaii (Hamahaha HI)*

University of Phoenix - Hawaii (Honolulu, HI)*

University of Pikeville (Pikeville, KY)

University of Redlands (Redlands, CA)
University of Richmond (Richmond, VA)

University of Saint Joseph (West Hartford, CT)*

University of Tennessee Martin, The (Martin, TN)

University of Texas at El Paso, The (El Paso, TX)

University of Texas Rio Grande Valley, The (Edinburg, TX)

University of the Ozarks (Clarksville, AR)*

University of Victoria (Victoria, BC)*

University of Virginia's College at Wise, The (Wise, VA)

University of Washington Bothell (Bothell, WA)*

University of Windsor (Windsor, ON)*

University of Wisconsin-Green Bay (Green Bay, WI)*

University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point (Stevens Point, WI)*

University of Wyoming (Laramie, WY)

Urbana University (Urbana, OH)*

Ursinus College (Collegeville, PA)

Vancouver Island University (Nanaimo, BC)

Vassar College (Poughkeepsie, NY)* Viterbo University (La Crosse, WI)*

Walla Walla University (College Place, WA)*

Washington State University (Pullman, WA)*

Wayland Baptist University (Plainview, TX)

Webber International University (Babson Park, FL)

West Chester University of Pennsylvania (West Chester, PA)

West Virginia Wesleyan College (Buckhannon, WV) Western Illinois University (Macomb, IL)*

Western State Colorado University (Gunnison, CO)

Westminster College (New Wilmington, PA)

Wheaton College (Wheaton, IL)* Willamette University (Salem, OR)

FY Exp / Sr Transitn (N=302), continued

William Jessup University (Rocklin, CA)*

William Paterson University of New Jersey (Wayne, NJ)

Wilson College (Chambersburg, PA)

Winthrop University (Rock Hill, SC)

Wofford College (Spartanburg, SC)

Woodbury University (Burbank, CA)

Worcester State University (Worcester, MA)

Xavier University (Cincinnati, OH)*

York College of Pennsylvania (York, PA)

Youngstown State University (Youngstown, OH)



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: First-Year Experiences Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical Comparisons ^b		
						FY Exp / S	Sr		FY Exp	o / Sr
				SOU		Transitr	1	SOU	Tran	sitn
Item wording or description	Variable name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	Effect size ^d
1. During the current school year	, about how of	ten have y	ou done the following?							
a. Studied when there were other	FYSfy01a	1	Never	6	4	2,794	4			
interesting things to do		2	Sometimes	75	53	24,181	34			
		3	Often	40	25	26,900	37	2.6	2.8 ***	*29
		4	Very often	28	18	17,635	25		∇	
			Total	149	100	71,510	100			
b. Found additional information for	FYSfy01b	1	Never	8	5	2,070	3			
course assignments when you		2	Sometimes	48	33	21,144	30			
didn't understand the material		3	Often	64	43	32,481	45	2.7	2.9 *	17
		4	Very often	27	18	15,586	23		∇	
			Total	147	100	71,281	100		·	
c. Participated in course	FYSfy01c	1	Never	8	5	7,945	10			
discussions, even when you		2	Sometimes	65	44	27,945	38			
didn't feel like it		3	Often	53	36	24,429	35	2.6	2.6	.03
		4	Very often	23	16	11,054	17			
			Total	149	100	71,373	100			
d. Asked instructors for help when	FYSfy01d	1	Never	10	7	8,236	11			
you struggled with course		2	Sometimes	66	43	30,509	42			
assignments		3	Often	50	34	22,424	31	2.6	2.5	.08
		4	Very often	22	15	10,187	15	2.0	2.0	.00
			Total	148	100	71,356	100			
e. Finished something you have	FYSfy01e	1	Never	0	0	778	1			
started when you encountered	, .	2	Sometimes	29	20	13,636	19			
challenges		3	Often	80	54	35,245	48	3.1	3.1	05
		4	Very often	40	26	21,672	31	0.1	5.1	03
			Total	149	100	71,331	100			
f. Stayed positive, even when you	FYSfy01f	1	Never	6	3	2,951	4			
did poorly on a test or	1 1 5 1 7 0 1 1	2	Sometimes	42	30	21,339	29			
assignment		3	Often	68	45	30,072	42	2.8	2.9	0.4
		4	Very often	32	22	16,932	25	2.0	2.9	04
			Total	148	100	71,294	100			
				140	100	/1,274	100			
2. During the current school year										
a. Learning course material	FYSfy02a			14	9	3,329	6			
		2	2	25	16	10,768	15			
		3	3	37	25	21,507	30			
		4	4	59	42	24,697	34	3.3	3.4	12
		5	5	10	7	8,483	12			
		6	Very difficult	3	2	2,593	4			
			Total	148	100	71,377	100			
b. Managing your time	FYSfy02b	1	Not at all difficult	6	3	3,504	6			
		2	2	26	17	8,377	12			
		3	3	34	23	15,613	22			
		4	4	44	32	19,665	27	3.7	3.8	11
		5	5	24	16	14,463	20			
		6	Very difficult	14	9	9,723	13			
			Total	148	100	71,345	100			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: First-Year Experiences Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy Di	istributions ^a FY Exp / Sr		Statistical Compa		sons
									FY Exp	
				SOU		Transitn		SOU	Trans	itn
	Variable									Effec
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size '
c. Getting help with school work	FYSfy02c	1	Not at all difficult	22	15	10,755	16			
		2	2	45	30	17,867	25			
		3	3	40	27	20,362	28			
		4	4	28	19	14,145	19	2.8	2.9	10
		5	5	12	8	5,533	8			
		6	Very difficult	1	1	2,670	4			
			Total	148	100	71,332	100			
d. Interacting with faculty	FYSfy02d	1	Not at all difficult	32	21	13,921	21			
		2	2	41	30	18,703	26			
		3	3	39	26	18,177	25			
		4	4	25	17	12,133	17	2.6	2.8	14
		5	5	9	6	5,571	8			
		6	Very difficult	1	1	2,811	4			
			Total	147	100	71,316	100			
. During the current school yea	r. about how oft	en have v	you sought help with o	coursework from	the fo	llowing sou	rces?			
a. Faculty members	FYSfy03a_16	1	Never	24	16	13,459	19			
		2	Sometimes	82	56	37,693	53			
		3	Often	35	24	15,298	22	2.2	2.2	01
		4	Very often	6	4	4,812	7	_,_		
			Total	147	100	71,262	100			
Academic advisors	FYSfy03b 16	1	Never	54	37	34,387	47			
	, _	2	Sometimes	63	42	25,608	36			
		3	Often	28	19	8,618	13	1.8	1.7	.14
		4	Very often	2	2	2,586	4			
			Total	147	100	71,199	100			
c. Learning support services	FYSfy03c 16	1	Never	66	44	31,449	43			
(tutoring, writing center, success		2	Sometimes	51	36	24,126	34			
coaching, etc.)		3	Often	23	15	10,744	15	1.8	1.9	07
		4	Very often	7	5	4,872	7	1.0	1.7	.07
			Total	147	100	71,191	100			
d. Friends or other students	FYSfy03d 16	1	Never	5	4	4,310	8			
	, –	2	Sometimes	51	35	19,920	29			
		3	Often	62	42	27,475	37	2.8	2.8	05
		4	Very often	30	19	19,526	26	2.0	2.0	02
			Total	148	100	71,231	100			
e. Family members	FYSfy03e_16	1	Never	65	43	28,536	41			
,	, 000_10	2	Sometimes	55	39	23,956	33			
		3	Often	19	13	12,871	18	1.8	1.9	14
		4	Very often	9	5	5,873	8	1.0	1.7	14
		·	Total	148	100	71,236	100			
f. Other persons or offices	FYSfy03f_16	1	Never	91	60	44,282	62			
1. Other persons of offices	1 151y051_10	2	Sometimes	48	34	18,946	27			
		3	Often	6	5	5,804	8	1.5	1.5	
			Very often	3	2	2,085	3	1.5	1.5	06
		4								



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: First-Year Experiences Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cv Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical Comparisons ^b		
						FY Exp / S			FY Exp	
				SOU		Transitr		SOU	Trans	
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
4a. During the current school	ol year, have you serio	usly con	sidered leaving this insti	tution? ^j						
	FYSfy04a		No	86	59	49,659	70			
	(Means indicate the percentage who		Yes	61	41	21,579	30	41%	30% **	.23
	responded "Yes.")		Total	147	100	71,238	100		Δ	
4b. [If answered "yes"] \	Why did you consider	leaving?	(Select all that apply.)							
	FYSfy04b_1_16	_	Academics are too difficult	7	10	3,896	17			
	FYSfy04b_2_16	_	Academics are too easy	9	14	1,306	6			
			Other academic issues							
			(major not offered,							
	FYSfy04b_3_16	_	course availability,	16	29	3,699	17			
			advising, credit transfer, etc.)							
	EVGC-041- 4-16		Financial concerns	21	40	0.112	20			
	FYSfy04b_4_16	_	(costs or financial aid)	31	49	8,113	38			
			To change your career							
	FYSfy04b 5 16		options (transfer to another school or	6	11	4,396	20			
	1 1 31y040_3_10	_	program, military	6	11	4,390	20			
			service, etc.)							
			Difficulty managing							
	FYSfy04b_6_16	_	demands of school	6	10	3,469	17			
			and work							
	FYSfy04b_7_16	_	Too much emphasis on partying	1	1	1,300	6			
	EXICC ON D. 16		Not enough opportunities		4.0	• • • •				
	FYSfy04b_8_16	_	to socialize and have fun	12	19	3,989	17			
	FYSfy04b_9_16		Relations with faculty	5	9	2,115	11			
	1 151y010_5_10		and staff	3		2,113	11			
	FYSfy04b 10 16	_	Relations with other	16	28	4,049	17			
			students							
	FYSfy04b_11_16	_	Campus climate, location, or culture	14	23	5,543	25			
			Unsafe or hostile							
	FYSfy04b_12_16	_	environment	3	6	1,184	6			
			Personal reasons (family							
			issues, physical or							
	FYSfy04b_13_16	_	mental health, homesickness, stress,	28	45	7,961	36			
			etc.)							
	FYSfy04b 14 16		A reason not listed above,	10	10	2.502	10			
	F Y SIYU46_14_16		please specify:	10	19	3,503	18			
5. How important is it to you		om <i>this</i> i	institution?							
	FYSfy05	1	Not important	16	11	3,430	5			
		2	2	8	6	2,659	4			
		3	3	8	6	4,741	7			
		4	4	26	18	8,861	12	4.5	5.0 ***	35
		5	5	28	18	10,793	15			
		6	Very important	60	40	40,368	57			
			Total	146	100	70,852	100			



Detailed Statistics: First-Year Experiences^e Southern Oregon University

					ndard			Effect		
	N	Me	an	Standa	rd error ^f	devi	ation ^g	DF ^h	Sig.i	size ^d
Variable								Сотр	arisons with:	
name	SOU	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	FY Exp	/ Sr Transitn	
FYSfy01a	146	2.58	2.82	.07	.00	0.83	0.85	75,557	.000	29
FYSfy01b	144	2.74	2.87	.07	.00	0.82	0.79	75,326	.043	17
FYSfy01c	146	2.62	2.59	.07	.00	0.81	0.89	75,415	.688	.03
FYSfy01d	146	2.57	2.50	.07	.00	0.83	0.88	75,390	.327	.08
FYSfy01e	146	3.06	3.10	.06	.00	0.68	0.74	75,361	.512	05
FYSfy01f	145	2.85	2.88	.07	.00	0.80	0.83	75,326	.625	04
FYSfy02a	145	3.27	3.41	.09	.00	1.14	1.16	75,405	.157	12
FYSfy02b	145	3.68	3.84	.11	.01	1.29	1.39	75,393	.186	11
FYSfy02c	145	2.76	2.89	.10	.00	1.19	1.32	75,353	.235	10
FYSfy02d	144	2.57	2.77	.10	.00	1.19	1.37	75,325	.087	14
FYSfy03a_16	144	2.16	2.17	.06	.00	0.73	0.81	75,280	.942	01
FYSfy03b_16	144	1.85	1.73	.06	.00	0.78	0.83	75,204	.098	.14
FYSfy03b_16	144	1.81	1.87	.07	.00	0.86	0.93	75,184	.423	07
FYSfy03b_16	145	2.76	2.81	.07	.00	0.80	0.91	145	.480	05
FYSfy03e_16	145	1.80	1.94	.07	.00	0.86	0.96	75,224	.091	14
FYSfy03f_16	145	1.48	1.53	.06	.00	0.67	0.78	145	.395	06
FYSfy04a ^k	144	.412	.304	.0412	.0017				.005	.23
FYSfy05	143	4.48	4.99	.14	.01	1.70	1.46	143	.000	35



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: Senior Transitions Southern Oregon University

86,463

Seniors										
				Frequen	cy Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Compari	sons
				SOU		FY Exp / S Transitr		SOU	FY Exp	
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name Va	alues ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
L. Do you expect to graduat	· -									
	FYSsr01_16		No	153	42	25,835	31			
			Yes	215	58	60,287	69			
			Total	368	100	86,122	100			
1a. [Excludes those who	answered "No," not exp	ectin	g spring/summer gradua	ation] After gr	aduati	on, what be	st desc	ribes your immed	diate plans	?
	FYSsr01a	_	Full-time employment	113	53	34,703	58			
		_	Part-time employment	9	4	2,893	4			
		_	Graduate or	52	23	13,503	21			
			professional school Military service	1	0	569	1			
		_	Service or volunteer	1	U	309	1			
		_	activity (AmeriCorps, Peace Corps, Teach for America, etc.)	4	2	559	1			
		_	Internship (paid or unpaid)	14	6	2,290	4			
		_	Travel or gap year	12	6	2,556	4			
		_	No plans at this time	4	2	2,154	4			
		_	Other, please specify:	9	4	1,763	3			
			Total	218	100	60,990	100			
1b. [If immediate plans	included full- or part-time	e emp	oloyment] Do you alread	ly have a job f		er graduatio	n? ^J			
	FYSsr01b		No	64	53	19,770	51			
	(Means indicate the percentage who		Yes, I will start a new job	12	10	7,647	20			
	responded "Yes.")		Yes, I will continue in my current job Total	46 122	36 100	10,025 37,442	29 100	47%	49%	05
			Total	122	100	37,442	100			
2. [Excludes those who answ		ıg spri	ng/summer graduation]	To what exte	ent hav	e courses ir	n your r	najor(s) prepared	l you	
for your post-graduation	FYSsr02	1	Very little	19	9	4,160	7			
	1 1 53102	2	Some	49	22	14,347	24			
		3	Quite a bit	75	34	22,411	36	2.9	3.0	03
		4	Very much	74	34	19,934	33	2.7	5.0	.03
			Total	217	100	60,852	100			
3. Do you intend to work ev	rentually in a field related	l to vo	our maior(s)? ^j							
	FYSsr03	,	Yes	323	87	73,096	85			
	(Means indicate the		No	15	4	4,134	5	87%	85%	.07
	percentage who responded "Yes.")		Unsure	31	9	9,247	11			
	гезропией 1ез. ј		Total	369	100	86,477	100			
I. Do you plan to be self-em	nployed, an independent	contr	actor, or a freelance wo	rker someday	·? ^j					
, ,	FYSsr04		Yes	79	22	18,701	23			
	(Means indicate the		No	161	43	43,882	50	22%	23%	01
	percentage who responded "Yes.")		Unsure	129	35	23,880	28			
	responded 1es.)		Total	369	100	86,463	100			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: Senior Transitions Southern Oregon University

				Frequen	cy D	istributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Compari	sons
						FY Exp /			FY Exp	
				SOU		Transitr		SOU	Trans	
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
5. Do you plan to start your or	wn business (nonpr	ofit or fo	r-profit) someday? ^j							
	FYSsr05		Yes	72	20	20,628	25			
	(Means indicate the percentage who		No	171	45	40,399	46	20%	25% *	12
	responded "Yes.")		Unsure	127	35	25,505	29		∇	
	,		Total	370	100	86,532	100			
6. How much confidence do y	ou have in your abi	lity to co	mplete tasks requiring t	he following s	kills a	nd abilities?				
a. Critical thinking and analysis	FYSsr06a	1	Very little	6	1	581	1			
of arguments and information		2	Some	32	9	7,284	8			
		3	Quite a bit	156	41	33,946	38	3.4	3.4	10
		4	Very much	175	49	44,569	53			
			Total	369	100	86,380	100			
b. Creative thinking and problem	FYSsr06b	1	Very little	3	1	487	1			
solving		2	Some	23	6	6,759	8			
		3	Quite a bit	148	40	33,363	37	3.5	3.5	01
		4	Very much	195	53	45,761	54			
			Total	369	100	86,370	100			
c. Research skills	FYSsr06c	1	Very little	8	2	1,735	2			
		2	Some	55	16	14,738	16			
		3	Quite a bit	167	45	34,917	40	3.2	3.2	06
		4	Very much	138	37	34,984	42			
			Total	368	100	86,374	100			
d. Clear writing	FYSsr06d	1	Very little	6	1	1,197	1			
		2	Some	36	10	11,801	14			
		3	Quite a bit	165	44	35,292	40	3.3	3.3	.04
		4	Very much	162	44	38,092	45			
			Total	369	100	86,382	100			
e. Persuasive speaking	FYSsr06e	1	Very little	14	4	3,244	4			
		2	Some	88	23	20,343	23			
		3	Quite a bit	155	42	33,987	39	3.0	3.0	06
		4	Very much	111	31	28,803	35			
			Total	368	100	86,377	100			
f. Technological skills	FYSsr06f	1	Very little	21	6	3,349	4			
		2	Some	92	25	21,131	23			
		3	Quite a bit	161	44	34,953	40	2.9	3.0 **	16
		4	Very much	93	26	26,923	33		∇	
			Total	367	100	86,356	100			
g. Financial and business	FYSsr06g	1	Very little	69	18	15,119	16			
management skills		2	Some	157	42	30,929	35			
		3	Quite a bit	90	25	24,345	29	2.4	2.5 ***	17
		4	Very much	52	15	15,944	20		∇	
			Total	368	100	86,337	100			



Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons: Senior Transitions Southern Oregon University

Seniors

Semons										
				Frequen	cy Di	stributio	ns ^a	Statistical (Comparis	sons ^D
						FY Exp / S	Sr		FY Exp	/ Sr
				SOU		Transitn	<u> </u>	SOU	Trans	itn
	Variable									Effect
Item wording or description	name	Values ^c	Response options	Count	%	Count	%	Mean	Mean	size ^d
h. Entrepreneurial skills	FYSsr06h	1	Very little	89	23	20,955	23			
		2	Some	161	43	32,263	37			
		3	Quite a bit	77	22	20,394	25	2.2	2.3 *	12
		4	Very much	41	12	12,676	16		∇	
			Total	368	100	86,288	100			
i. Leadership skills	FYSsr06i	1	Very little	17	5	2,690	3			
		2	Some	65	18	14,924	17			
		3	Quite a bit	141	38	31,214	36	3.1	3.2 *	12
		4	Very much	144	39	37,471	45		∇	
			Total	367	100	86,299	100			
j. Networking and relationship	FYSsr06j	1	Very little	22	6	4,630	5			
building		2	Some	90	24	20,356	23			
		3	Quite a bit	146	40	32,233	37	2.9	3.0	09
		4	Very much	111	30	29,103	35			
			Total	369	100	86,322	100			
7. To what extent has your cou	reowerk in your	major(s) c	amphasized the follow	ing?						
a. Generating new ideas or	FYSsr07a	1	Very little	14	4	3,365	4			
brainstorming	11251074	2	Some	85	23	18,011	21			
_		3	Quite a bit	150	40	35,205	40	3.0	3.1	06
		4	Very much	120	33	29,586	35	3.0	3.1	00
			Total	369	100	86,167	100			
b. Taking risks in your	FYSsr07b	1	Very little	76	21	18,821	22			
coursework without fear of	1 1531076	2	Some	99	27	25,890	30			
penalty		3	Quite a bit	109	30	23,925	28	2.5	2.5	0.6
		4	Very much	82	23	17,476	21	2.3	2.5	.06
		4	Total	366	100	86,112	100			
c. Evaluating multiple	FYSsr07c	1	Very little	17	5	3,909	5			
approaches to a problem	F Y SSrU/C	1	•							
approaches to a problem		2	Some	80	22	18,532	21	2.0		
		3	Quite a bit	148	39	35,202	41	3.0	3.0	.00
		4	Very much	123	34	28,293	34			
			Total	368	100	85,936	100			
d. Inventing new methods to	FYSsr07d	1	Very little	43	12	10,509	12			
arrive at unconventional solutions		2	Some	121	32	26,930	31			
5010010		3	Quite a bit	121	32	28,258	33	2.7	2.7	01
		4	Very much	83	24	19,994	24			
			Total	368	100	85,691	100			

8. Is there anything your institution could have done better to prepare you for your career or further education? Please describe.

This final question asked students to respond in an open text box. Comments were recorded for 128 seniors. Responses are provided in your "NSSE18 Student Comments" report and in a separate SPSS data file.

 $These \ open-ended \ responses \ appear \ exactly \ as \ respondents \ entered \ them \ and \ may \ not \ be \ suitable \ for \ distribution \ without \ prior \ review.$



Detailed Statistics: Senior Transitions^e Southern Oregon University

						ndard			Effect	
	N	Me	ean	Standa	rd error ^f	devi	ation ^g	DF ^h	Sig.i	size ^d
Variable								Comp	arisons with:	
name	SOU	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	SOU	FY Exp / Sr Transitn	FY Exp	/ Sr Transitn	
$FYSsr01b^k$	121	.467	.494	.0456	.0024				.549	05
FYSsr02	211	2.93	2.95	.07	.00	0.97	0.92	70,080	.666	03
FYSsr03 ^k	363	.872	.847	.0176	.0011				.192	.07
FYSsr04 ^k	363	.223	.226	.0219	.0013				.890	01
FYSsr05 ^k	364	.200	.252	.0210	.0014				.023	12
FYSsr06a	363	3.37	3.44	.04	.00	0.70	0.67	101,096	.061	10
FYSsr06b	363	3.45	3.46	.03	.00	0.65	0.66	101,088	.871	01
FYSsr06c	362	3.17	3.22	.04	.00	0.76	0.78	101,093	.295	06
FYSsr06d	363	3.32	3.28	.04	.00	0.71	0.75	101,110	.435	.04
FYSsr06e	362	2.99	3.05	.04	.00	0.84	0.85	101,091	.256	06
FYSsr06f	361	2.90	3.03	.04	.00	0.85	0.84	101,062	.002	16
FYSsr06g	362	2.37	2.53	.05	.00	0.94	0.99	364	.001	17
FYSsr06h	362	2.22	2.34	.05	.00	0.93	1.00	364	.013	12
FYSsr06i	361	3.12	3.22	.05	.00	0.86	0.83	100,999	.018	12
FYSsr06j	363	2.93	3.01	.05	.00	0.89	0.89	101,018	.085	09
FYSsr07a	363	3.01	3.06	.04	.00	0.85	0.84	100,840	.288	06
FYSsr07b	360	2.54	2.48	.06	.00	1.06	1.05	100,746	.264	.06
FYSsr07c	362	3.03	3.03	.05	.00	0.87	0.86	100,529	.999	.00
FYSsr07d	362	2.68	2.69	.05	.00	0.96	0.97	100,228	.828	01



Endnotes Southern Oregon University

Endnotes

- a. Column percentages are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Percentages may not sum to 100 due to rounding. Counts are unweighted; column percentages cannot be replicated from counts.
- b. All statistics are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Unless otherwise noted, statistical comparisons are two-tailed independent t-tests. Items with categorical response sets are left blank.
- c. These are the values used to calculate means. For the majority of items, these values match the codes in the data file and codebook.
- d. Effect size for independent t- tests uses Cohen's d; z- tests use Cohen's h.
- e. Statistics are weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups). Categorical items are not listed.
- f. The 95% confidence interval for the population mean is equal to the sample mean plus or minus 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.
- g. A measure of the amount individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.
- h. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values differ from Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.
- i. Statistical comparisons are two-tailed independent *t*-tests or *z*-tests. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between your students' mean and that of the students in the comparison group is due to chance.
- j. Statistical comparison uses *z* test to compare the proportion who responded (depending on the item) "Done or in progress" or "Yes" with all who responded otherwise.
- k. Mean represents the proportion who responded (depending on the item) "Done or in progress" or "Yes."

Key to symbols:



Your students' average was significantly higher ($p \le .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.



Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.



Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

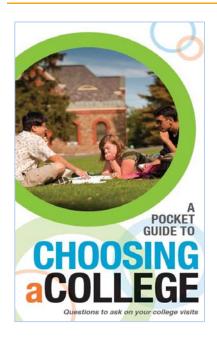


Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to item wording and your institutional context.



A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College: NSSE 2018 Answers from Students Using the Report



To focus public awareness on what constitutes quality in the college experience, NSSE developed *A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College*. This helpful brochure gives prospective students and their families key questions to ask during their campus visits, allowing them to actively consider student engagement during the college choice process.

Student responses to selected questions from the NSSE pocket guide are presented in a report entitled *A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College: NSSE 2018 Answers from Students*, part of your NSSE *Institutional Report 2018*.

Who can use this report?

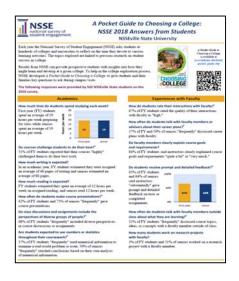
A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College: NSSE 2018 Answers from Students is a summary of student engagement on your campus. It may be of special interest to admissions professionals, particularly those distributing the NSSE pocket guide to visiting students. The results can also be used as a resource for orientation staff, advisors, faculty, and others who work regularly with first-year students.

How can an institution customize and distribute results?

A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College: NSSE 2018 Answers from Students is designed for sharing NSSE results. The report is delivered in both PDF and Excel formats so that institutions can easily insert logos, campus photos, or additional information. Institutions are encouraged to post copies of the report and other results from their NSSE Institutional Report 2018 on their websites.

How can I get a copy of this report for my institution?

Each participating institution designates a staff member to serve as the primary liaison for NSSE correspondence and reports. Known as the Campus Project Manager (CPM), the primary liaison may assist you in obtaining a copy. Contact NSSE for help identifying your CPM.



How can I get copies of the NSSE pocket guide?

College and university admissions officers may request up to 300 free NSSE pocket guides per year. Additional quantities are available for a small fee. A Spanish version of the NSSE pocket guide, *Una Guía de Bolsillo Para Escoger una Universidad: Preguntas a Hacer en Tus Visitas Universitarias*, is also available.



The QR code at left can be used to access a mobile version of the NSSE pocket guide. It is available on the NSSE website for institutions to include in their recruitment, college fair, and campus tour materials.

nsse.indiana.edu/html/pocket guide.cfm

If you have questions about these resources, contact the NSSE Institute at **nsse@indiana.edu** or toll-free at 866-435-6773.

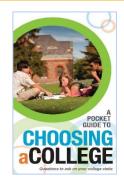


A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College: NSSE 2018 Answers from Students

Southern Oregon University

Each year the National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE) asks students at hundreds of colleges and universities to reflect on the time they devote to various learning activities. The topics explored are linked to previous research on student success in college.

Results from NSSE can provide prospective students with insights into how they might learn and develop at a given college. To help in the college exploration process, NSSE developed *A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College* to give students and their families key questions to ask during campus visits.



A Pocket Guide to Choosing a College is available at nsse.indiana.edu/html/ pocket guide.cfm

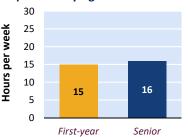


The following responses were provided by 625 SOU students on the 2018 survey.

Academics

How much time do students spend studying each week?

First-year (FY) students spent an average of 15 hours per week preparing for class while seniors spent an average of 16 hours per week.



Do courses challenge students to do their best?

37% of FY students reported that their courses "highly" challenged them to do their best work.

How much writing is expected?

In an academic year, FY students estimated they were assigned an average of 61 pages of writing and seniors estimated an average of 77 pages.

How much reading is expected?

FY students estimated they spent an average of 7 hours per week on assigned reading, and seniors read 8 hours per week.

How often do students make course presentations?^b

48% of FY students and 58% of seniors "frequently" gave course presentations.

Do class discussions and assignments include the perspectives of diverse groups of people?^b

56% of FY students "frequently" included diverse perspectives in course discussions or assignments.

Are students expected to use numbers or statistics throughout their coursework?^b

36% of FY students "frequently" used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue; 46% of seniors "frequently" reached conclusions based on their own analysis of numerical information.

Experiences with Faculty

How do students rate their interactions with faculty?^c

62% of FY students rated the quality of their interactions with faculty as "high."

How often do students talk with faculty members or advisors about their career plans?^b

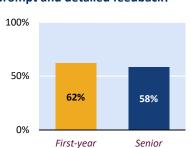
45% of FY and 45% of seniors "frequently" discussed career plans with faculty.

Do faculty members clearly explain course goals and requirements?

76% of FY students said instructors clearly explained course goals and requirements "quite a bit" or "very much."

Do students receive prompt and detailed feedback?d

62% of FY students and 58% of seniors said instructors "substantially" gave prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments.



How often do students talk with faculty members outside class about what they are learning?^b

28% of FY students "frequently" discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class.

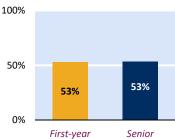
How many students work on research projects with faculty?

7% of FY students and 20% of seniors worked on a research project with a faculty member.

Learning with Peers

How often do students work together on class projects and assignments?^b

53% of FY students and 53% of seniors "frequently" worked with their peers on course projects and assignments.



Do students help each other learn?^b

57% of seniors "frequently" explained course material to one or more students.

How often do students work together to prepare for exams?^b

43% of FY students "frequently" prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students.

How often do students interact with others who have different viewpoints or who come from different backgrounds?^b

Among FY students, 58% "frequently" had discussions with people with different political views, 76% "frequently" had discussions with people from a different economic background, and 73% "frequently" had discussions with people from a different race or ethnicity.

Campus Environment

Are students encouraged to use learning support services (tutors, writing center)?^d

73% of FY students said the institution "substantially" emphasized the use of learning support services.

How do students rate their interactions with academic advisors?^c

63% of FY students and 57% of seniors gave the quality of their interactions with academic advisors a "high" rating.

How well do students get along with each other?^c

47% of FY students gave the quality of their interactions with their peers a "high" rating.

How satisfied are students with their educational experience?

81% of FY and 81% of seniors rated their entire educational experience at this institution as "excellent" or "good."

Rich Educational Experiences

What types of honors courses, learning communities, and other distinctive programs are offered?

During their first year, 7% of students participated in a learning community. By spring of their senior year, 47% of students had done (or were doing) a culminating senior experience.

How many students study in other countries?

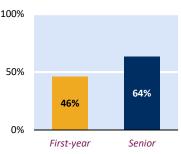
By their senior year, 7% of students had studied abroad.

How many students get practical, real-world experience through internships or field experiences?

By spring of their senior year, 42% of students had participated in some form of internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement.

How many courses include community-based service-learning projects?^e

46% of FY students and 64% of seniors said "at least some" of their courses included a community-based service-learning project.



Notes

- a. "Highly" is a 6 or 7 on a seven-point scale where 1 is "Not at all" and 7 is "Very much."
- b. "Frequently" is "Often" or "Very often."
- c. A "High" rating is a 6 or 7 on a seven-point scale where 1 is "Poor" and 7 is "Excellent."
- d. "Substantially" is "Quite a bit" or "Very much."
- e. "At least some" is defined by combining responses of "Some," "Most," and "All."



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